

# Quarterly Report

Hauraki District

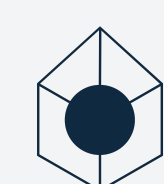
# Summary

Below we've presented a summary of Hauraki District's key metrics this quarter:

 Out of region consumer spend

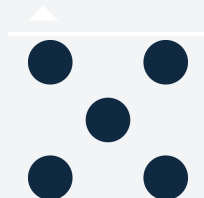
 **56.5%**

During the quarter to March 2023, 56.5% of consumer spending in Hauraki District came from visitors to the region, with an increase of 5.15% compared with December 2022. 43.5% of consumer spending came from local residents.

 Years to save for a house deposit

 **17.0**

As of March 2023, it would take 17.0 years to save for a 20% home deposit in Hauraki District, with an increase of 2.53% compared with December 2022.

 Gambling spend per capita

 **\$96.0**

As of December 2022, an average of \$96.0 was spent by individuals over 18 years in Hauraki District through electronic gaming machines, with an increase of 1.69% compared with September 2022.

 Crime rate

 **43.0**

In March 2023, Hauraki District had a crime rate of 43.0 incidents per 10,000 people, with an increase of 15.27% compared with December 2022.

 Deprivation Index

 **8.0**

As of March 2023, the deprivation within Hauraki District is 8.0 and this is unchanged since February 2023.

 Job seeker support rate

 **6.8%**

In March 2023, 6.8% of the working population (15-64 years) in Hauraki District claimed Job Seeker Support, with a decrease of 11.13% compared with March 2022.

 Trending Up  Trending Down  Improving  Worsening  No Change

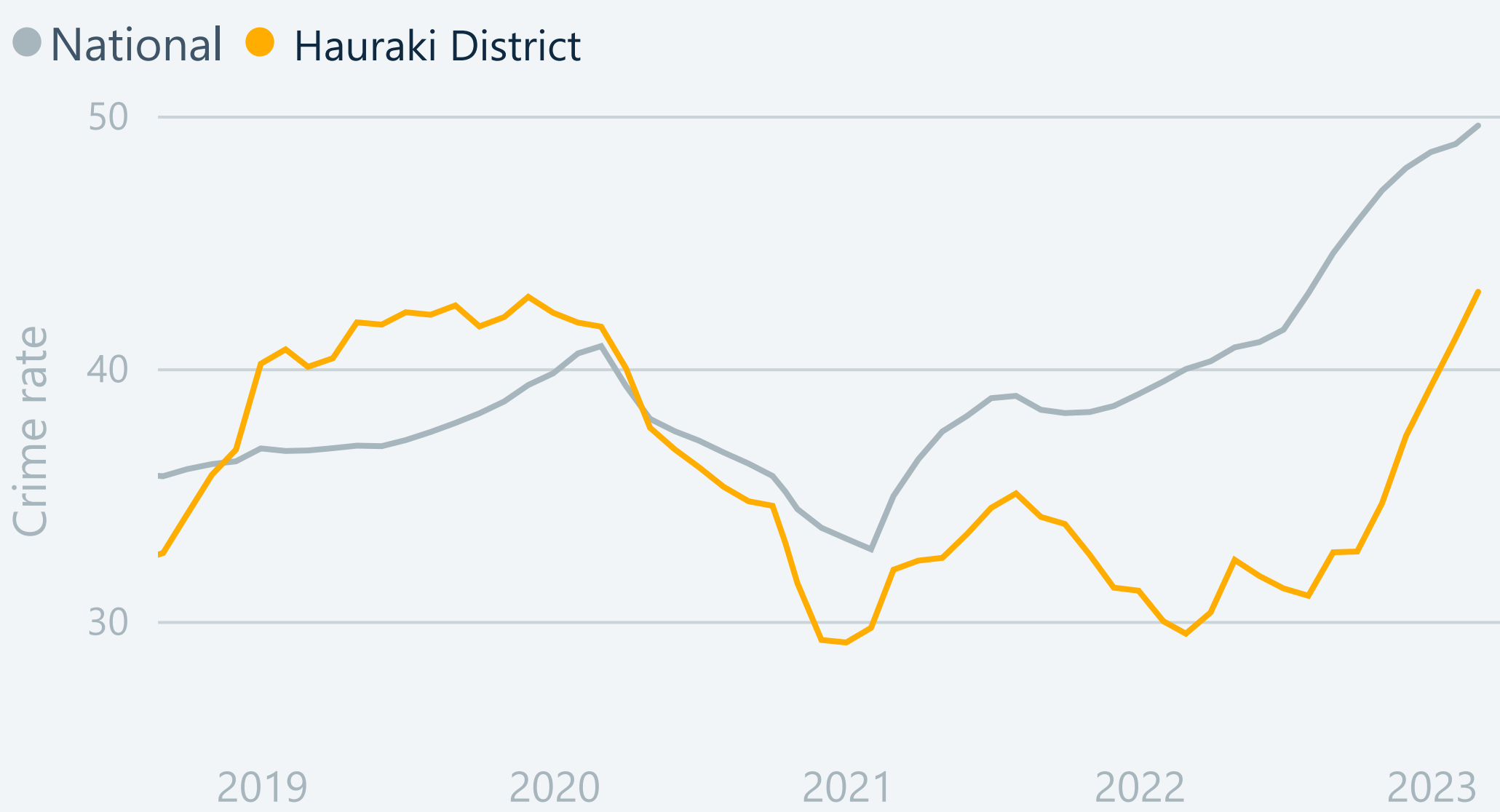
## Key Pillar Changes

Crime rate Mar 2023 **43.0** ▲ 15.27% % change is from December 2022

Crime type with the greatest change in crime rate Mar 2023 **Theft (Except Motor Vehicles Retail) & Illegal Use of** ▲ 24.61% % change is from December 2022

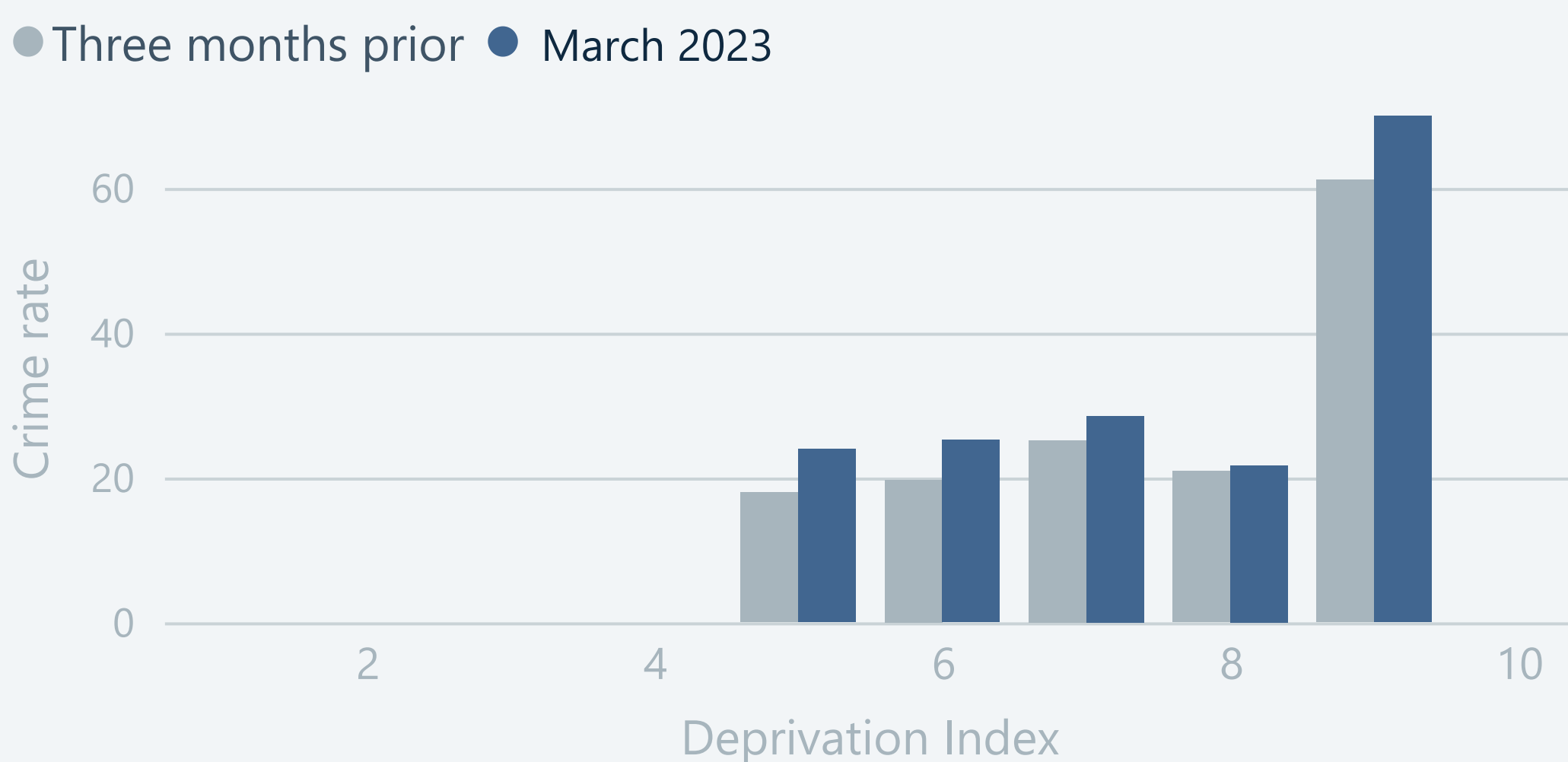
Community with greatest change in crime rate Mar 2023 **Waihi Rural** ▲ 38.42% % change is from December 2022

## Comparison to National Crime Rate



Compared with the same time last year the crime rate in Hauraki District has increased by 45.9%, and is now 43 as at March 2023. The crime rate is 13.3% below the national rate of 49.6.

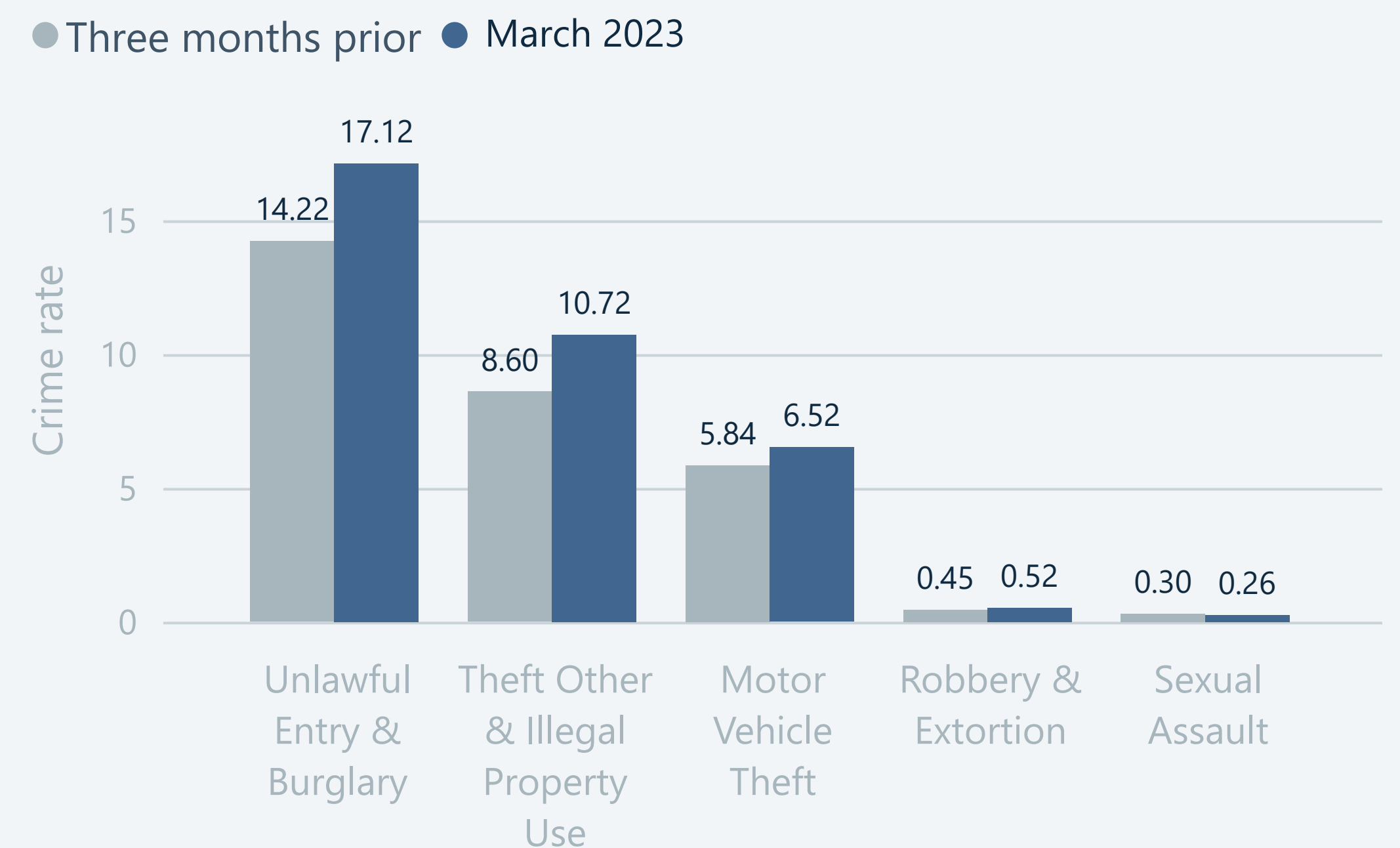
## Crime Rate by Deprivation Index



In Hauraki District, communities with a deprivation index of 9 have the highest crime rate. The crime rate in these communities is 3.2 times higher than those with a deprivation index of 8, the group with the lowest crime rate. Communities with a deprivation index of 5 have seen the greatest change in their crime rate over the last 3 months, with an increase of 33.2%.

Crime rate is defined as the the number of victimisations over the last 12 months per 10,000 people

## Crime Types with the Greatest Change



Within Hauraki District, the most prevalent type of crime in March 2023 was 'Unlawful Entry/Burglary/Breaking & Entering'. The type of crime that had the greatest change in the last 3 months was 'Theft (Except Motor Vehicles Retail) & Illegal Use of Property', with an increase of 24.6%.

## Communities with Greatest Change

Community	% Change	Crime rate
Waihi Rural	▲ 38.42	22.0
Hauraki Plains East	▲ 38.22	17.3
Waihi East	▲ 26.38	31.3
Ngatea	▲ 19.92	41.9
Waihi North	▲ 19.91	43.6

Waihi Rural saw the greatest change in crime rate over the last 3 months in Hauraki District, with an increase of 38.4%.

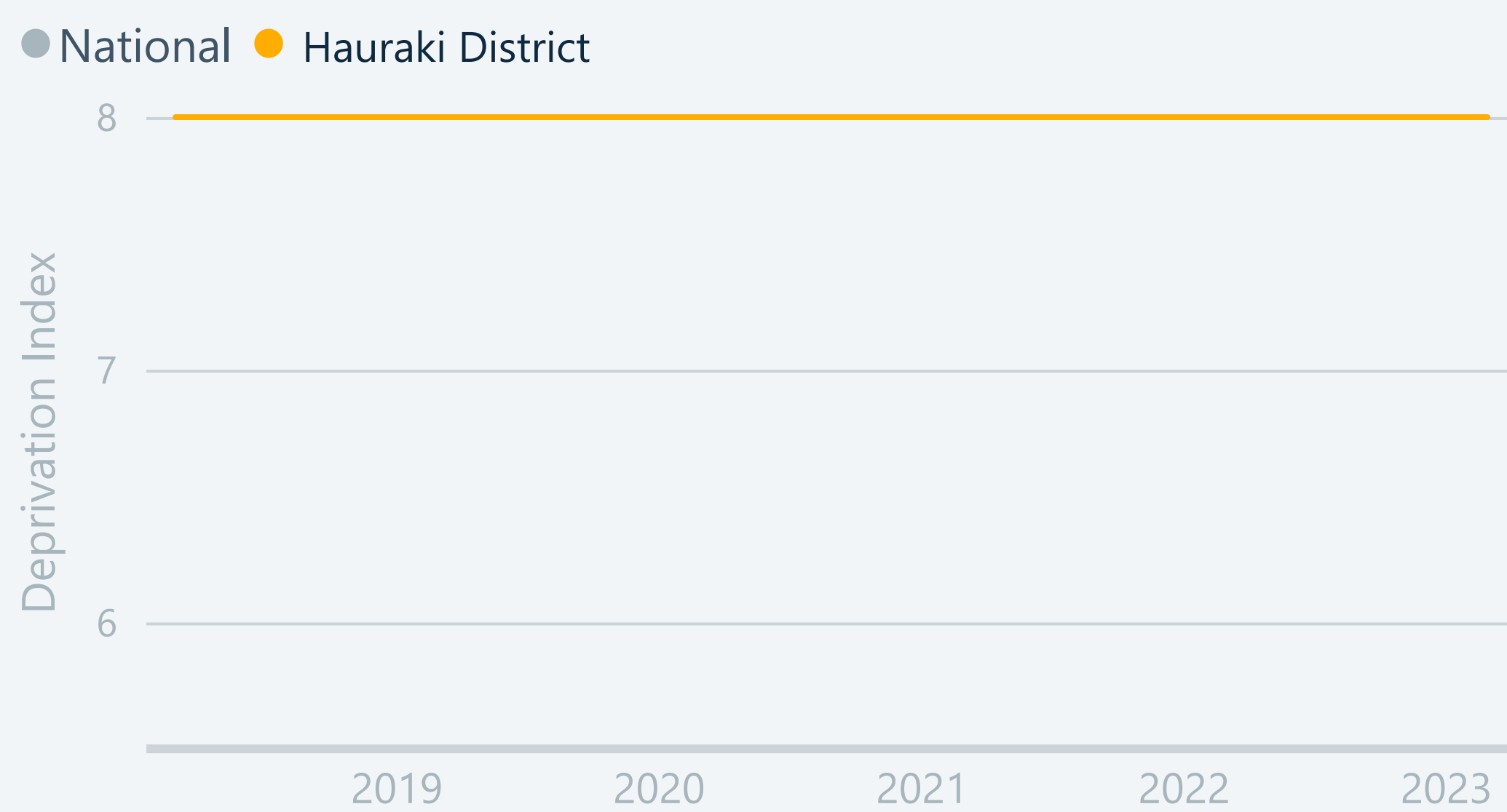
## Key Pillar Changes

Deprivation Index Mar 2023 **8.0** — 0% % change is from February 2023

Community with greatest decrease in deprivation score Mar 2023 **Miranda-Pūkoro** ▽ 1.34% % change is from March 2022

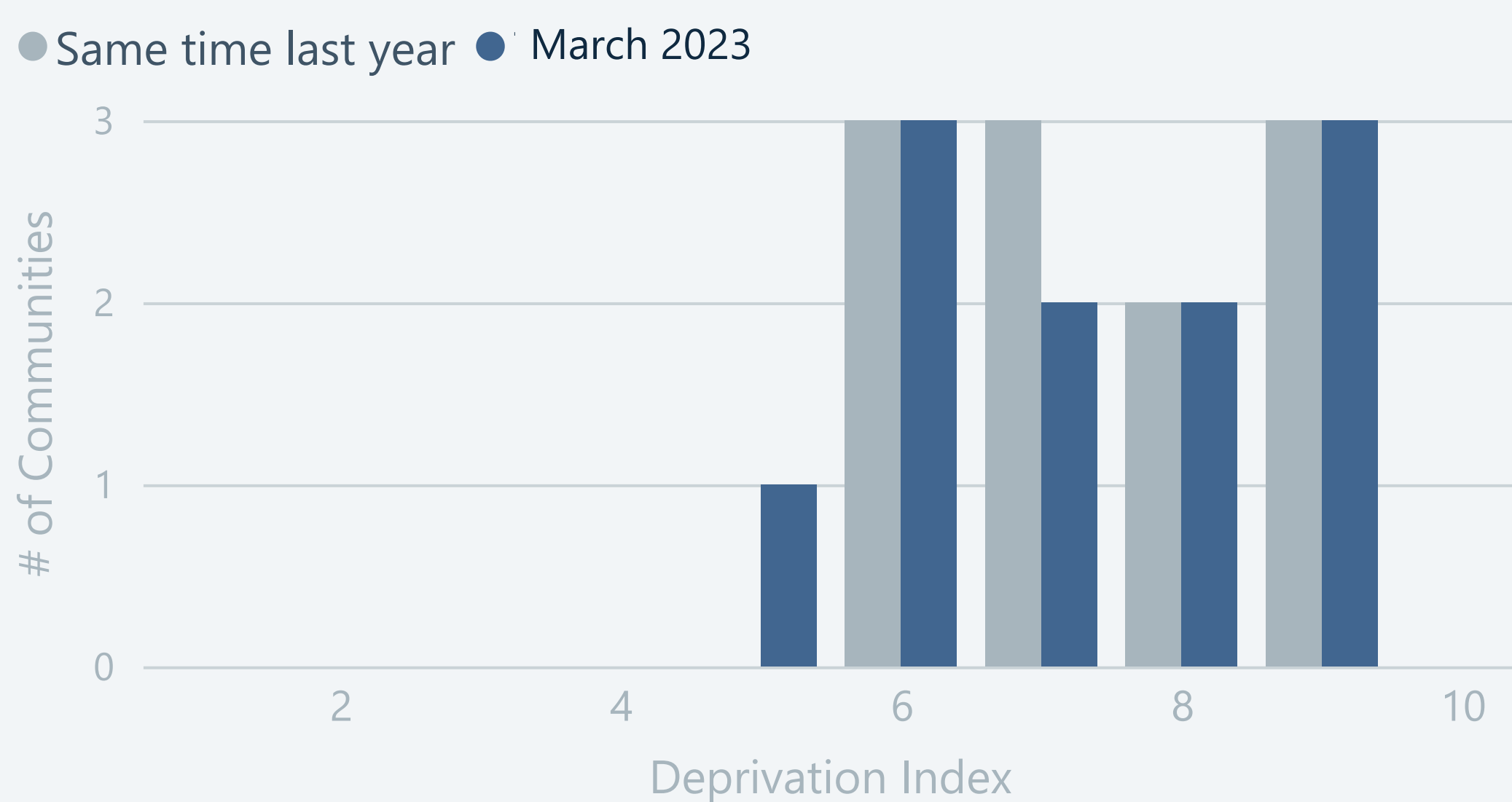
Community with greatest increase in deprivation score Mar 2023 **Hauraki Plains South** ▲ 1.16% % change is from March 2022

## Comparison to National Deprivation Index



Compared to the same time last year, the deprivation index of Hauraki District has seen no change by 0%, and is now 8 in March 2023. The deprivation index is 45.5% above the national median index of 5.5.

## Distribution of Deprivation Index



In Hauraki District, 45.5% of the population live in highly deprived communities (deprivation index 8-10), whereas 0% live in high socio-economic performing communities (deprivation index 1-3).

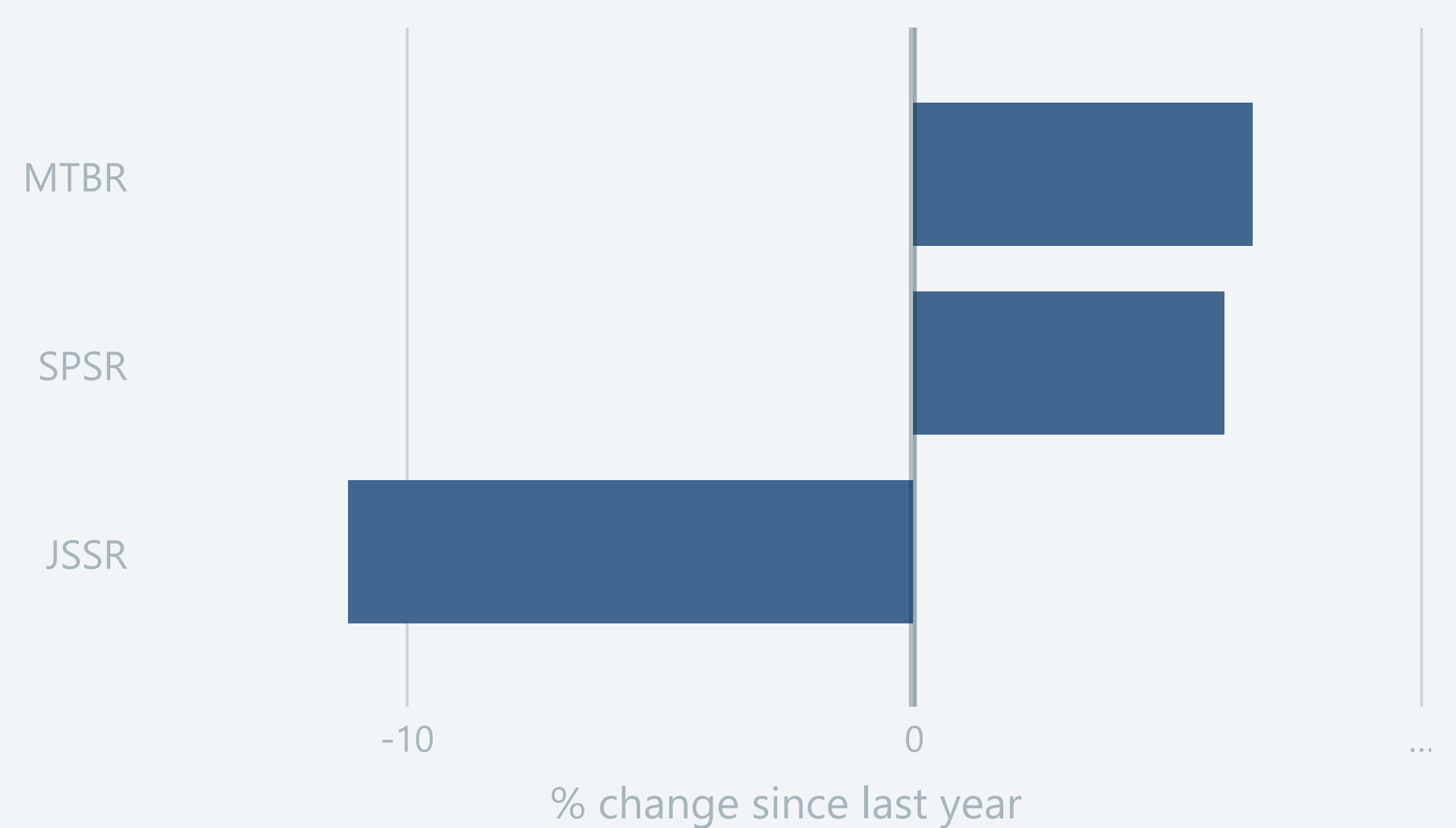
Each month meshblocks are assigned a deprivation score. Meshblocks are then ranked separately into deciles, known as deprivation indices. A deprivation index of 1 represents the least deprived areas and a deprivation of 10 the most deprived.

## Communities with the Greatest Change

Community	% Change	Depr. score
Miranda-Pūkoro	▽ 1.34	1,022.90
Hauraki Plains South	▲ 1.16	1,065.21
Hauraki Plains East	▽ 0.88	981.73
Ngatea	▽ 0.87	979.18
Waihi Rural	▽ 0.72	1,005.18

The community with the greatest change in deprivation score since the same time last year was Miranda-Pūkoro, with a 1.3% decrease.

## Benefit Deprivation Indicators



The benefit deprivation indicator that has changed the most in the last year is Job Seeker Support Rate (JSSR) which saw a 11.13% decrease. The bars above represent Single Parent Support rate (SPSR), Means Tested Benefit rate (MTBR) and Job Seeker Support rate (JSSR).

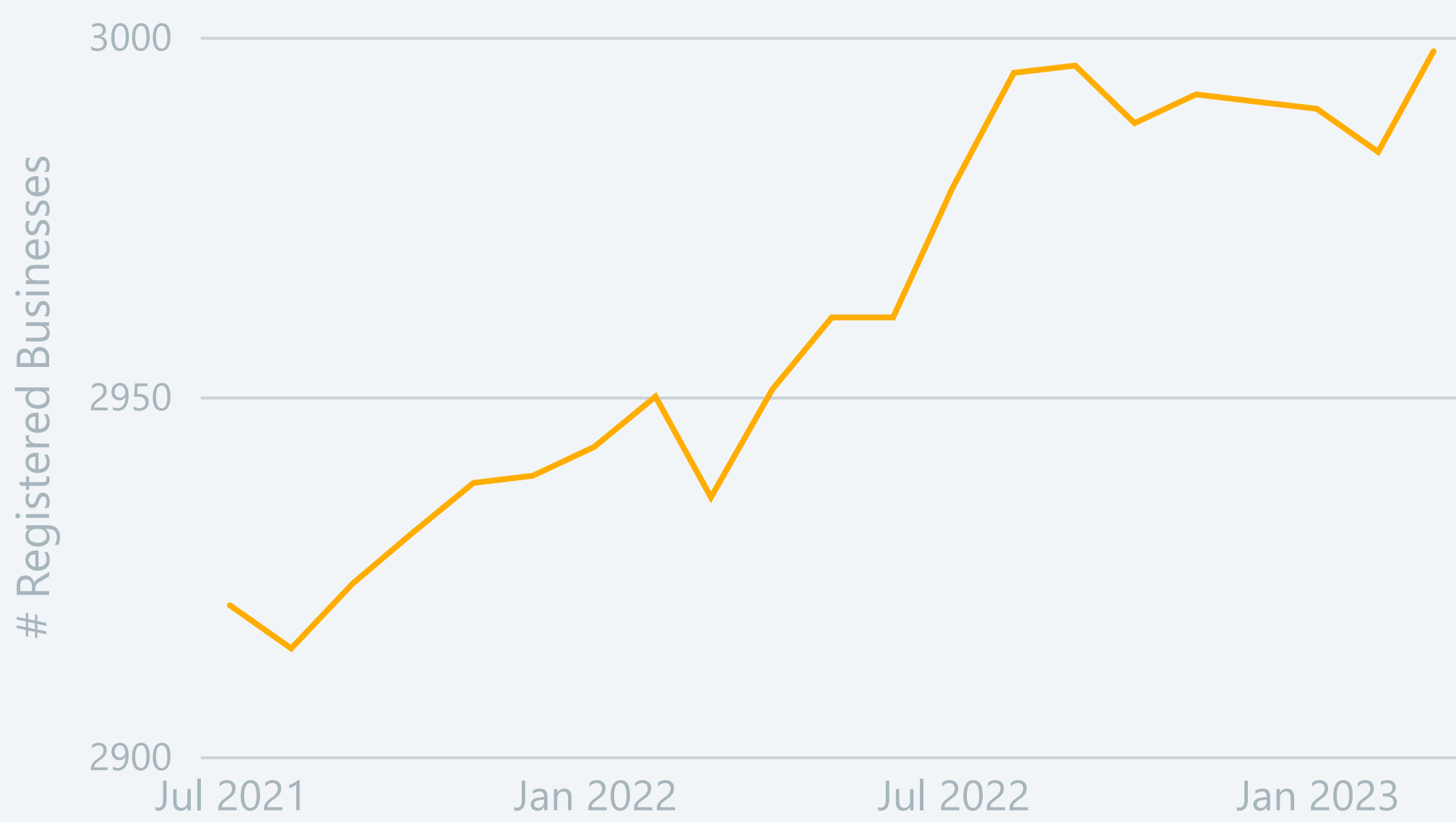
### Key Pillar Changes

**New Business Registrations this month** (Mar 2023) **16.0** ▲ **220%** % change is from December 2022

**Business Deregistrations this month** (Mar 2023) **2.0** ▼ **66.67%** % change is from December 2022

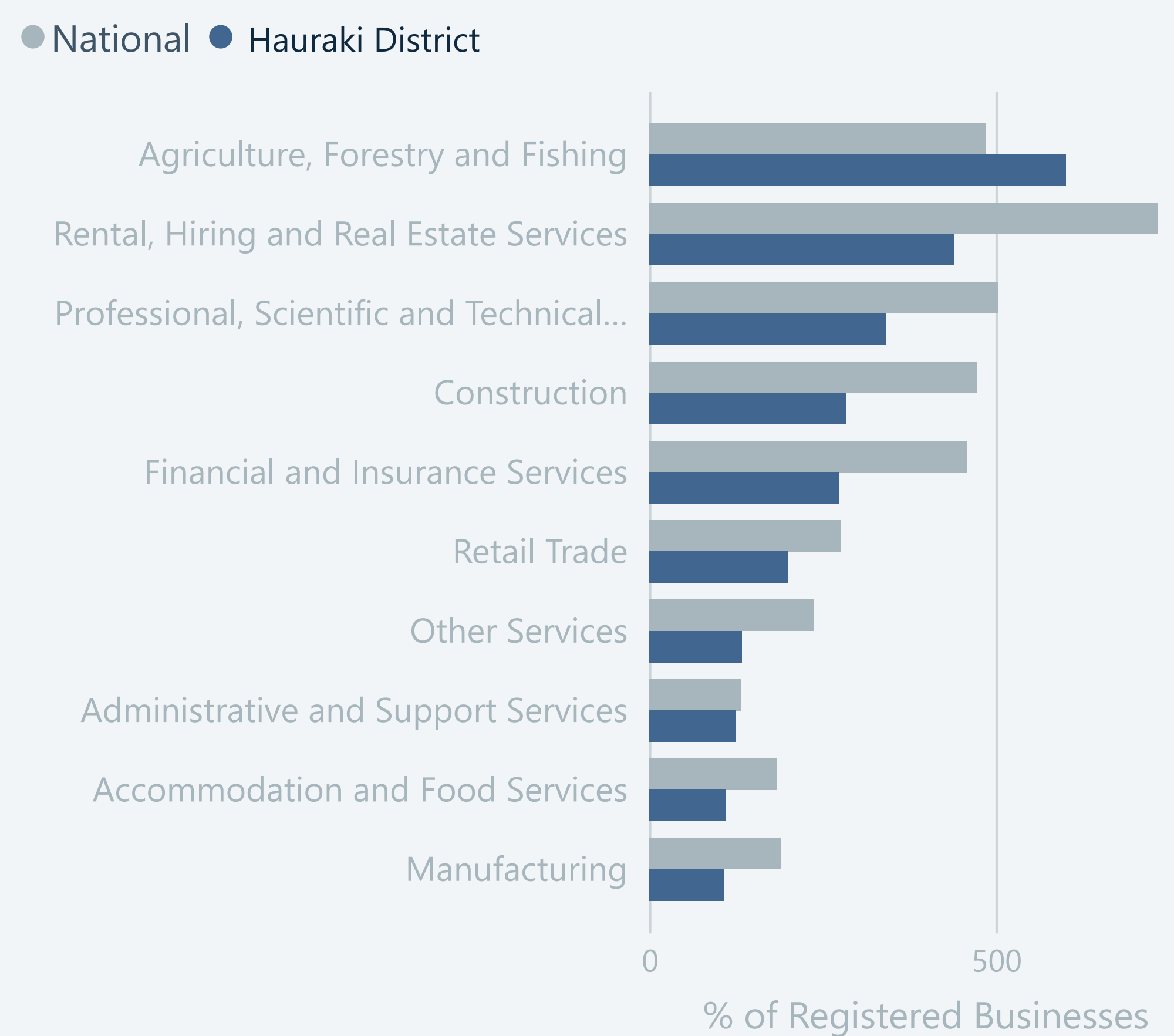
**Out of region consumer spend** (Mar 2023) **56.5%** ▲ **5.15%** % change is from December 2022

### Total number of registered businesses



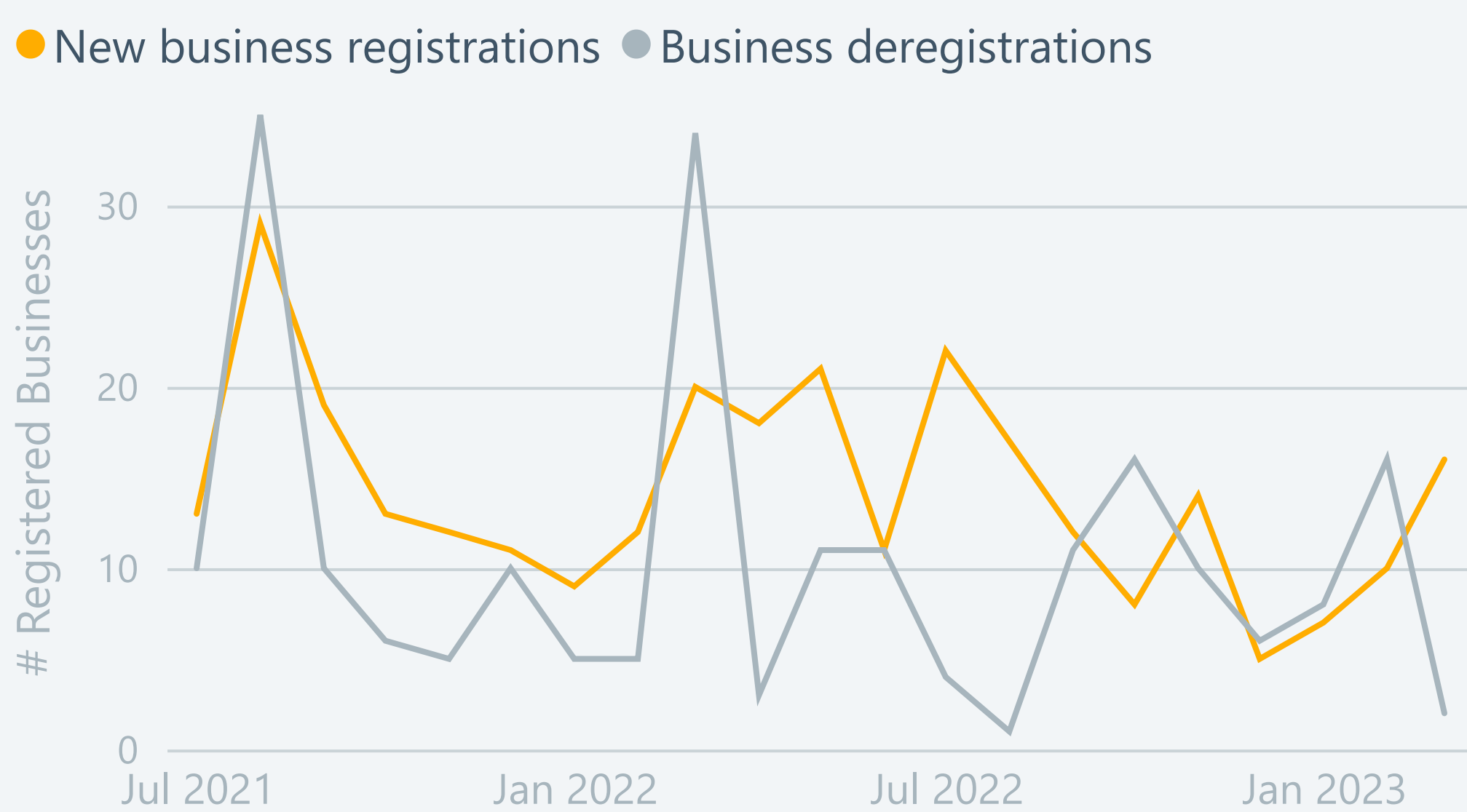
As of March 2023 there were 2998 registered businesses in Hauraki District. Over the last 12 months the number of registered businesses has increased by 62. Nationally, the number of registered businesses has increased.

### Distribution of Registered Businesses by Industry



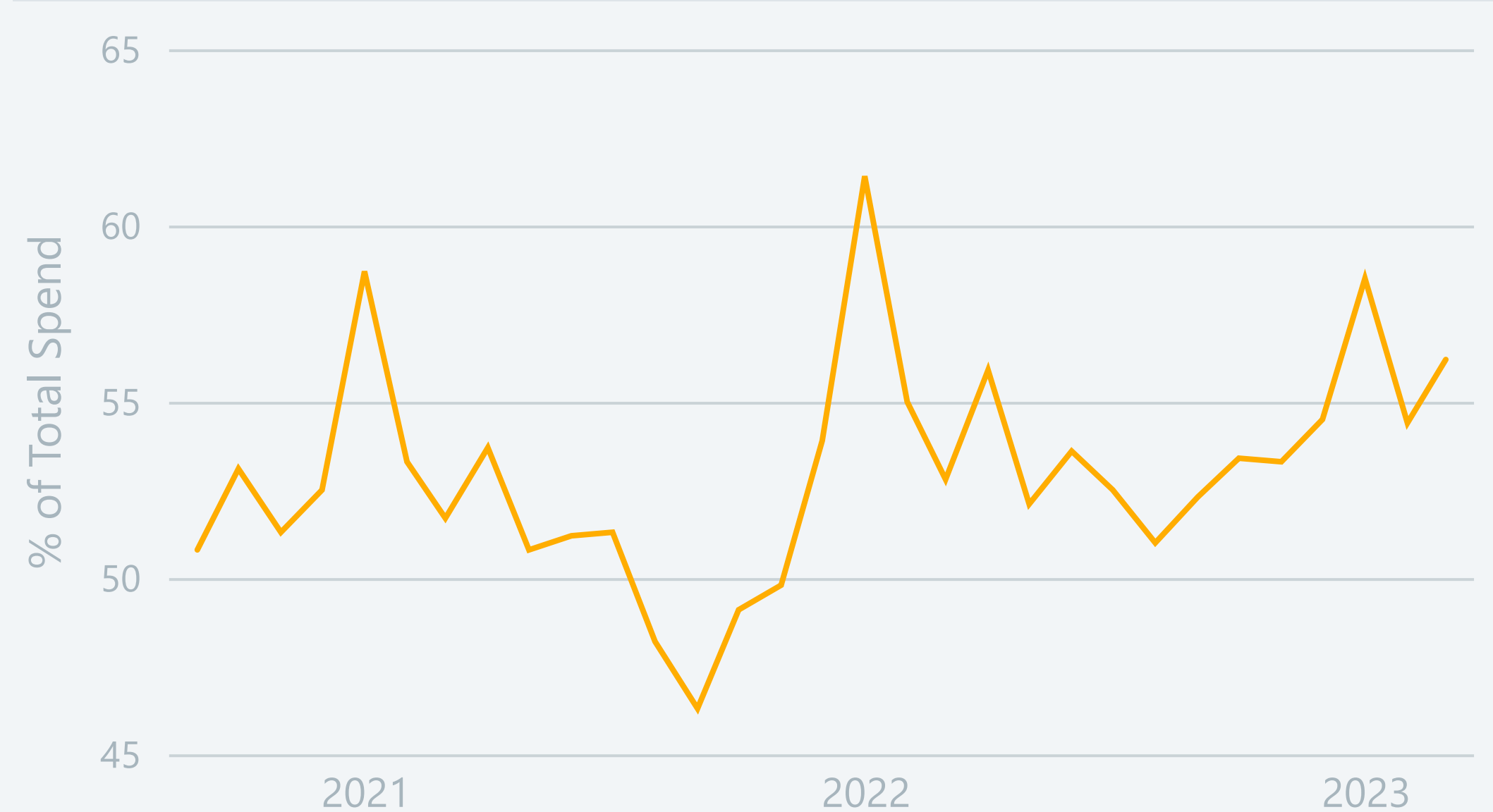
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing is the largest industry operating in Hauraki District and makes up 20.1% of all currently registered businesses.

### Business openings and closings in the last year



Comparing March 2023 with March 2022 Hauraki District has seen a decrease in the number of new business registrations of 20% and a decrease in the number of business deregistrations of 94.1%.

### Out of Region Visitor Spend



In March 2023, 56.2% of Eftpos spending in Hauraki District came from people living outside of the district. This is an increase of 6.4% since the same time last year.

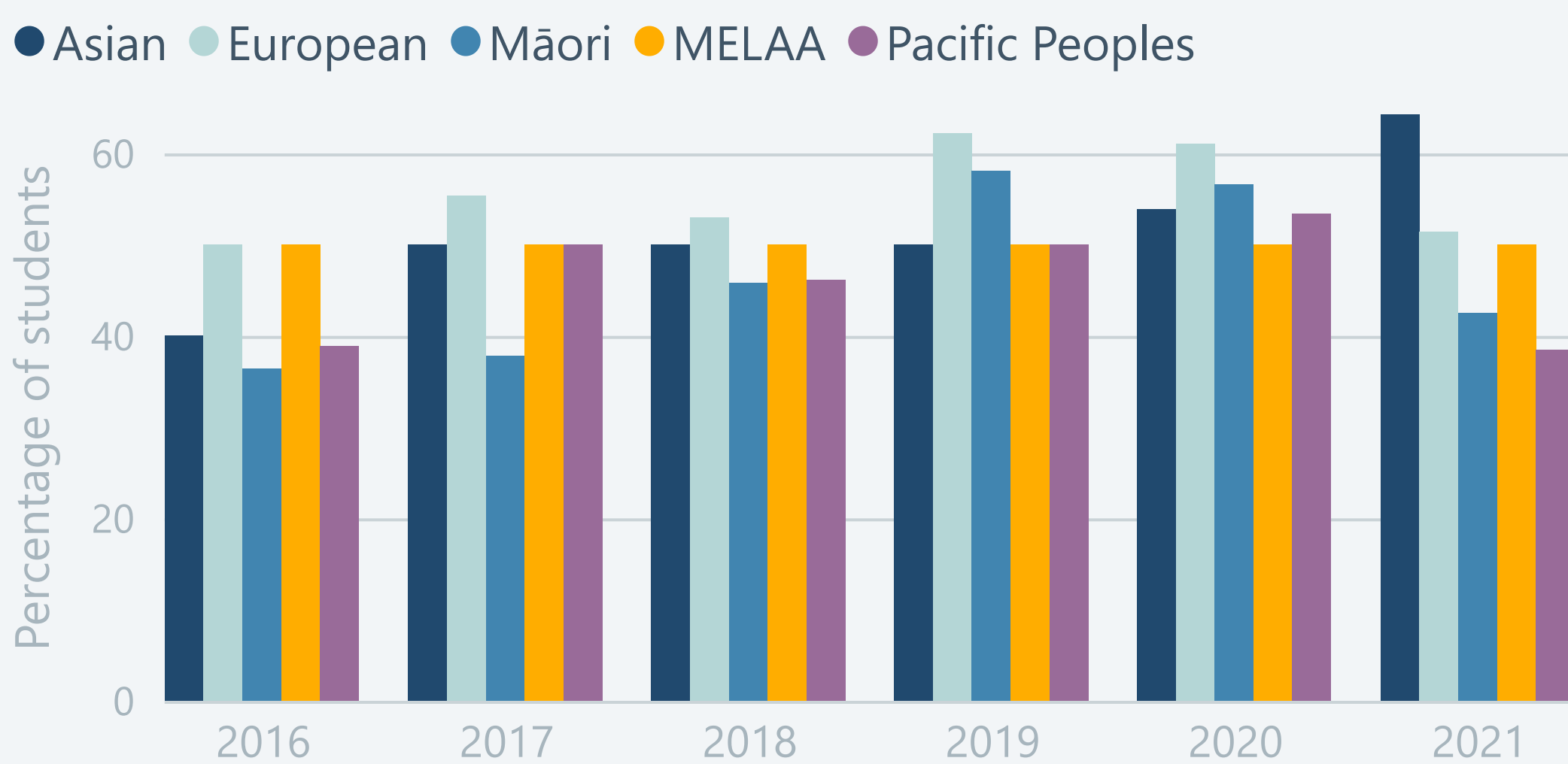
## Key Pillar Changes

Secondary school retention Jan 2021 **66.0%** ▽ 10.02% % change is from January 2020

Secondary school with highest proportion of students leaving with NCEA level 3 Jan 2021 **Hauraki Plains College**

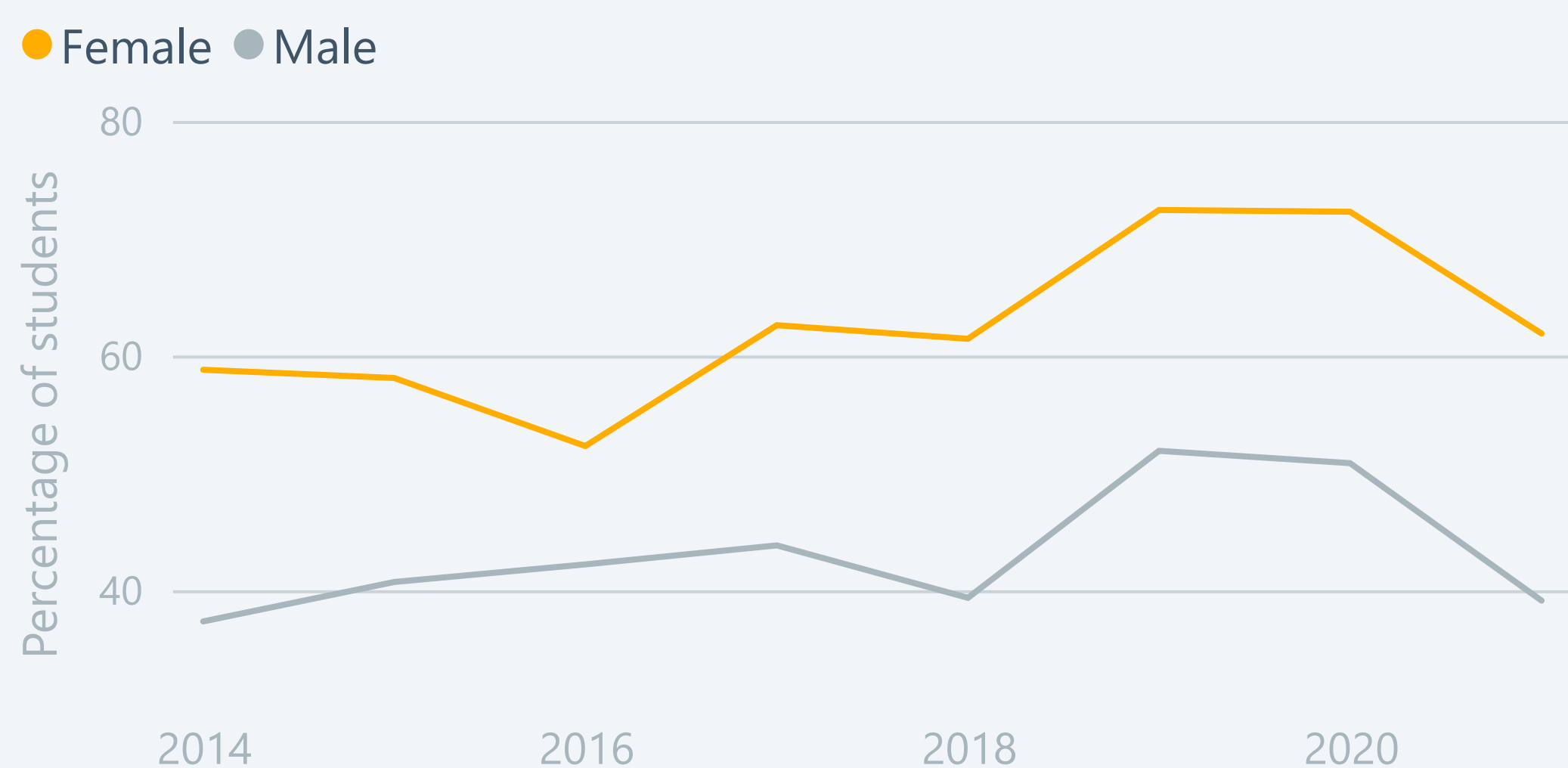
Ethnicity with greatest change in secondary school retention Jan 2021 **Asian** ▲ 32.65% % change is from January 2020

### School leavers with NCEA3 level by ethnicity



In 2021, Asian students in Hauraki District had the greatest proportion of students leaving with NCEA3. This is 1.67 times larger than Pacific Peoples students, who have the lowest proportion of students leaving with NCEA Level 3. Asian students have seen the greatest change in NCEA Level 3 pass rates, with an increase of 7.7%. Māori NCEA Level 3 pass rates in Hauraki District are 106% of National Māori rates.

### School leavers with NCEA3 level by gender



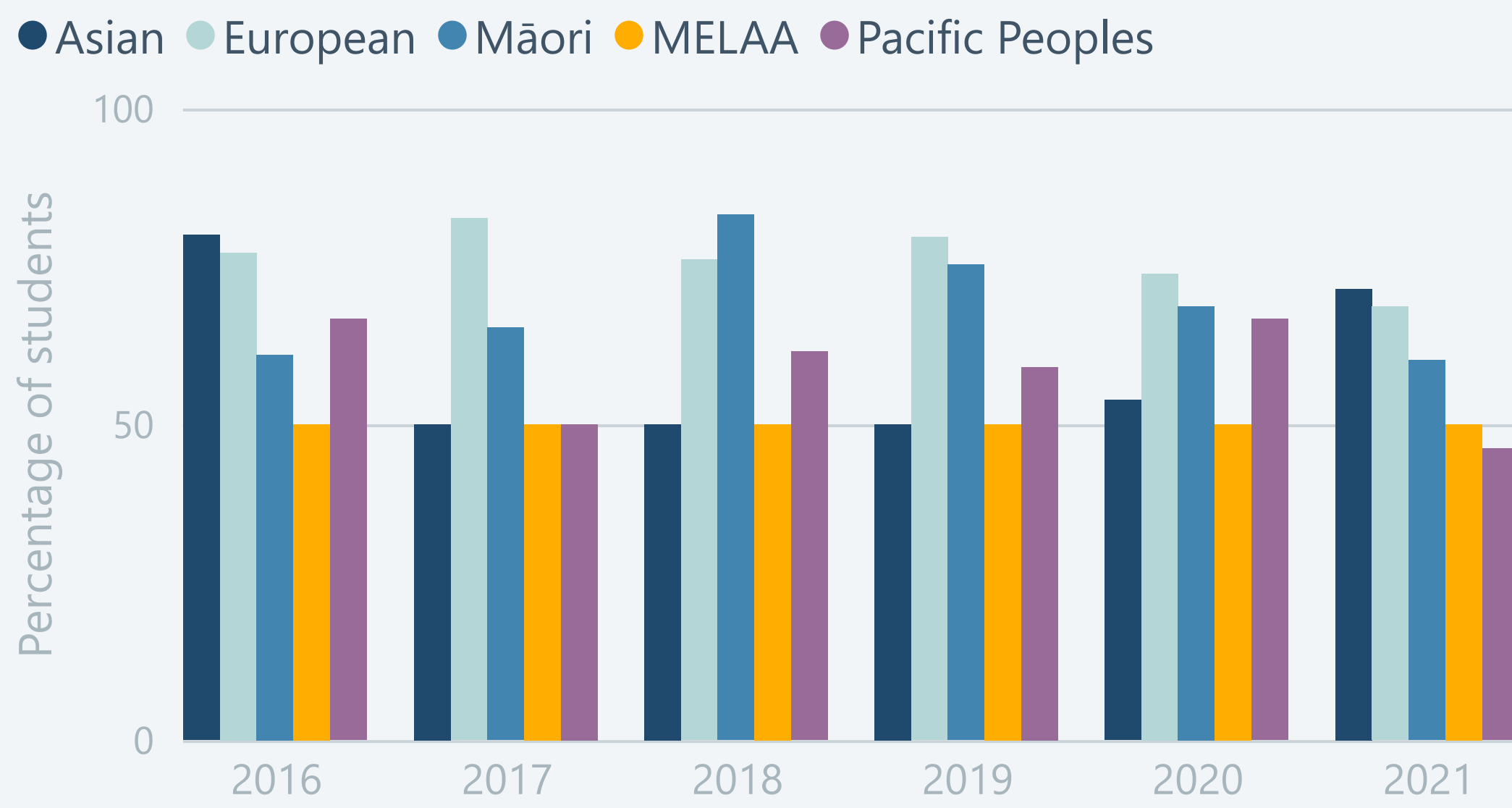
Since 2014, on average the percentage of students leaving with NCEA Level 3 in Hauraki District for female students has been 1.45 times larger than male students. In 2021, the percentage of students leaving with NCEA Level 3 for female students compared with male students was higher than average. Compared to national figures, in 2021 the pass rate in Hauraki District were lower for both females and males.

### Schools with greatest change in NCEA3 pass rate

In 2021, the school with the greatest change in the percentage of students leaving with NCEA Level 3 (pass rate) since 2020 was Paeroa College, with a 22.05% decrease. Note that the table includes only those schools with more than 50 students.

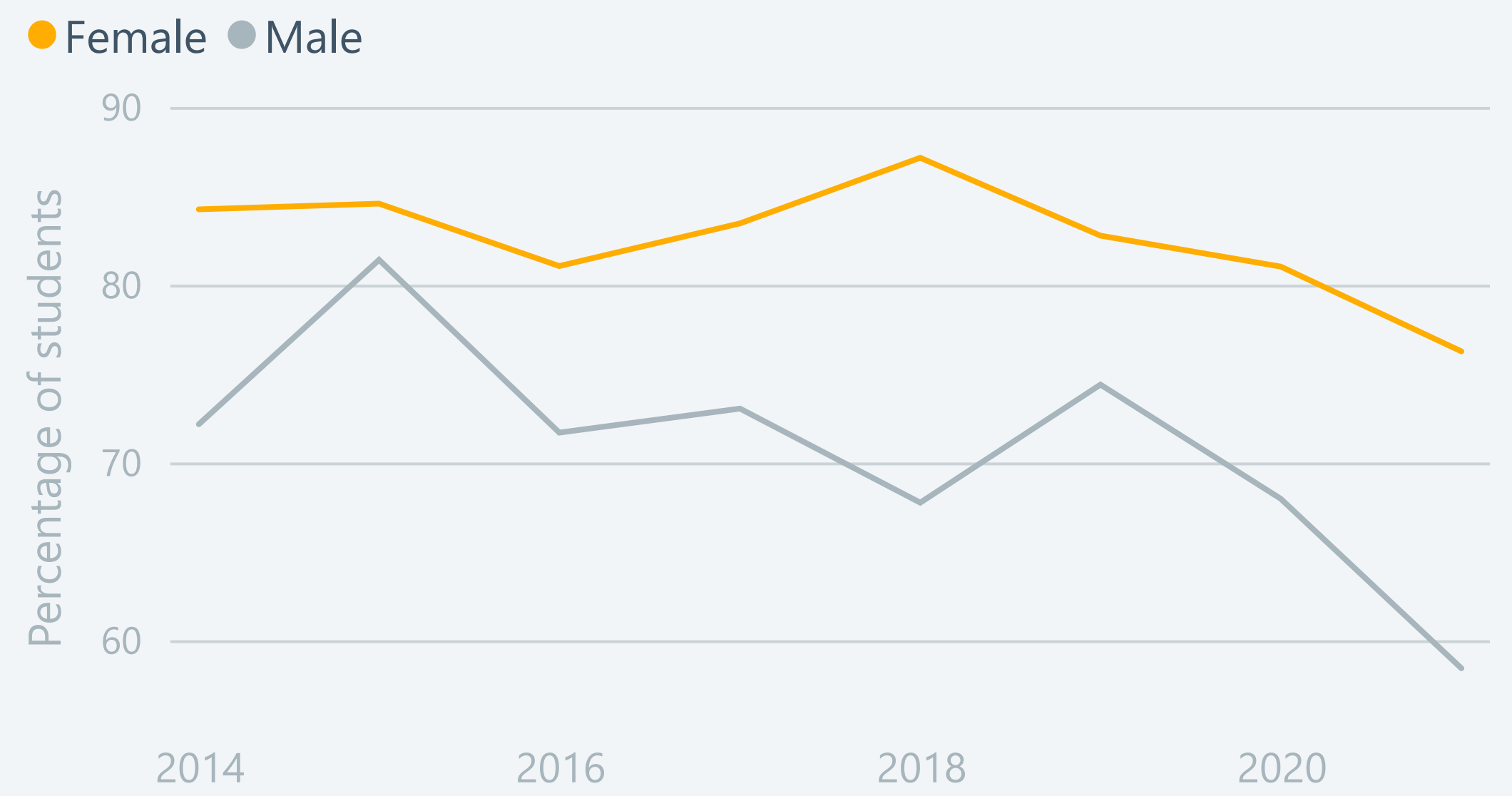
School	% Change	Pass Rate
Paeroa College	▽ 22.05	44.62
Waihi College	▽ 10.01	44.63
Hauraki Plains College	▽ 7.47	54.17

## Secondary school retention by ethnicity



In 2021, Asian students in Hauraki District had the greatest retention rate. This is 1.55 times larger than Pacific Peoples students, who have the lowest retention rate. Pacific Peoples students have seen the greatest change in retention, with an increase of 12.8%. Māori retention rates in Hauraki District are 88% of National Māori rates.

## Secondary school retention by gender



On average, since 2014, the retention rate in Hauraki District of female students has been 1.17 times larger than male students. In 2021, the retention rates of female students compared with male students was higher than average. Compared to national figures, in 2021 the retention rates in Hauraki District were lower for both females and males.

## Schools with greatest change in retention

In 2021, the school with the greatest change in retention rate since 2020 was Paeroa College, with a 16.24% decrease. Note that the table includes only those schools with more than 50 students.

Community	% Change	Retention rate
Paeroa College	▼ 16.24	62
Waihi College	▼ 8.94	65
Hauraki Plains College	▼ 3.31	70

## Key Pillar Changes

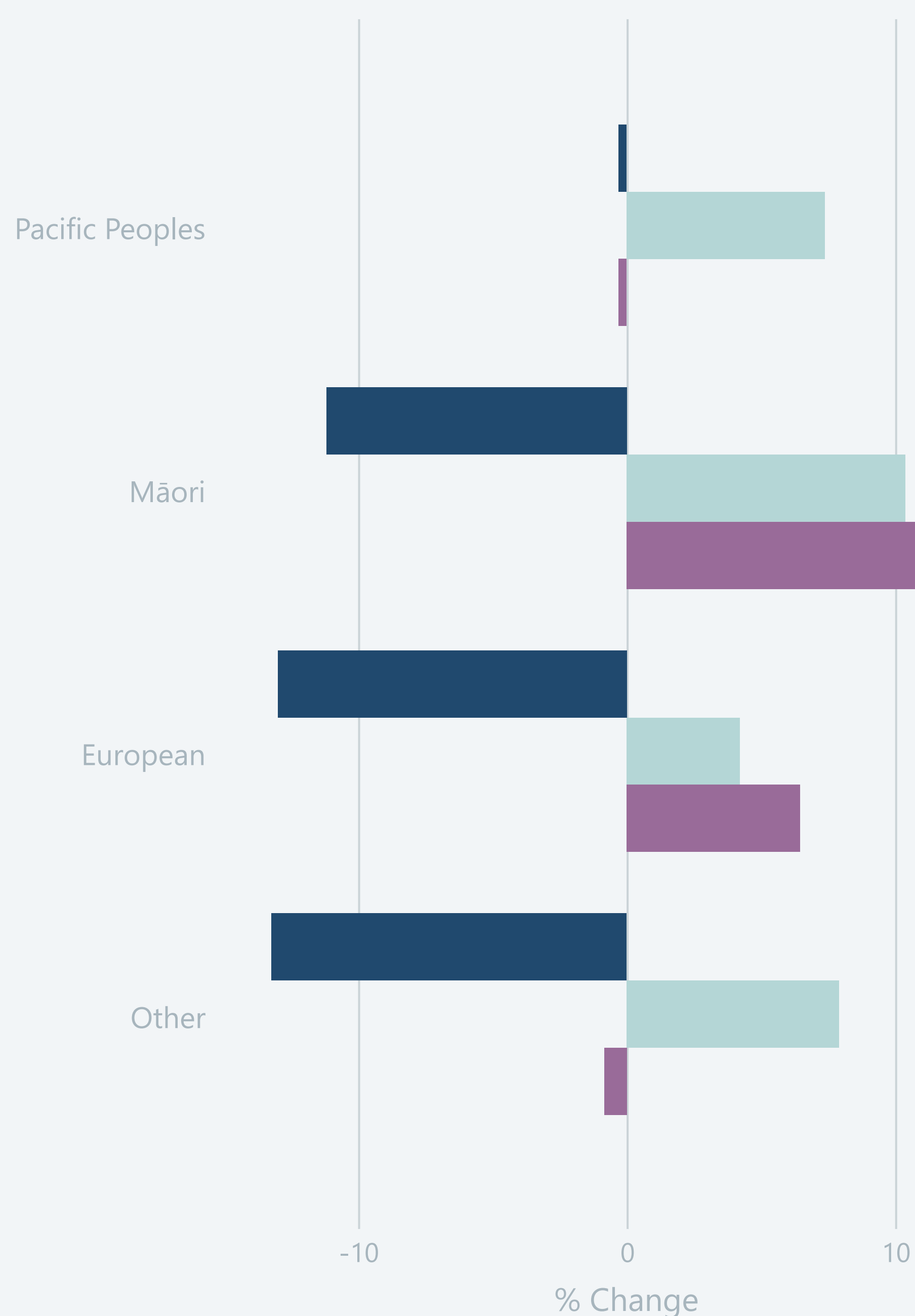
**Job seeker support rate** Mar 2023 **6.8%** ▽ 11.13% % change is from March 2022

**Means tested benefit rate** Mar 2023 **5.6%** ▲ 6.69% % change is from March 2022

**Sole parent support rate** Mar 2023 **3.2%** ▲ 6.13% % change is from March 2022

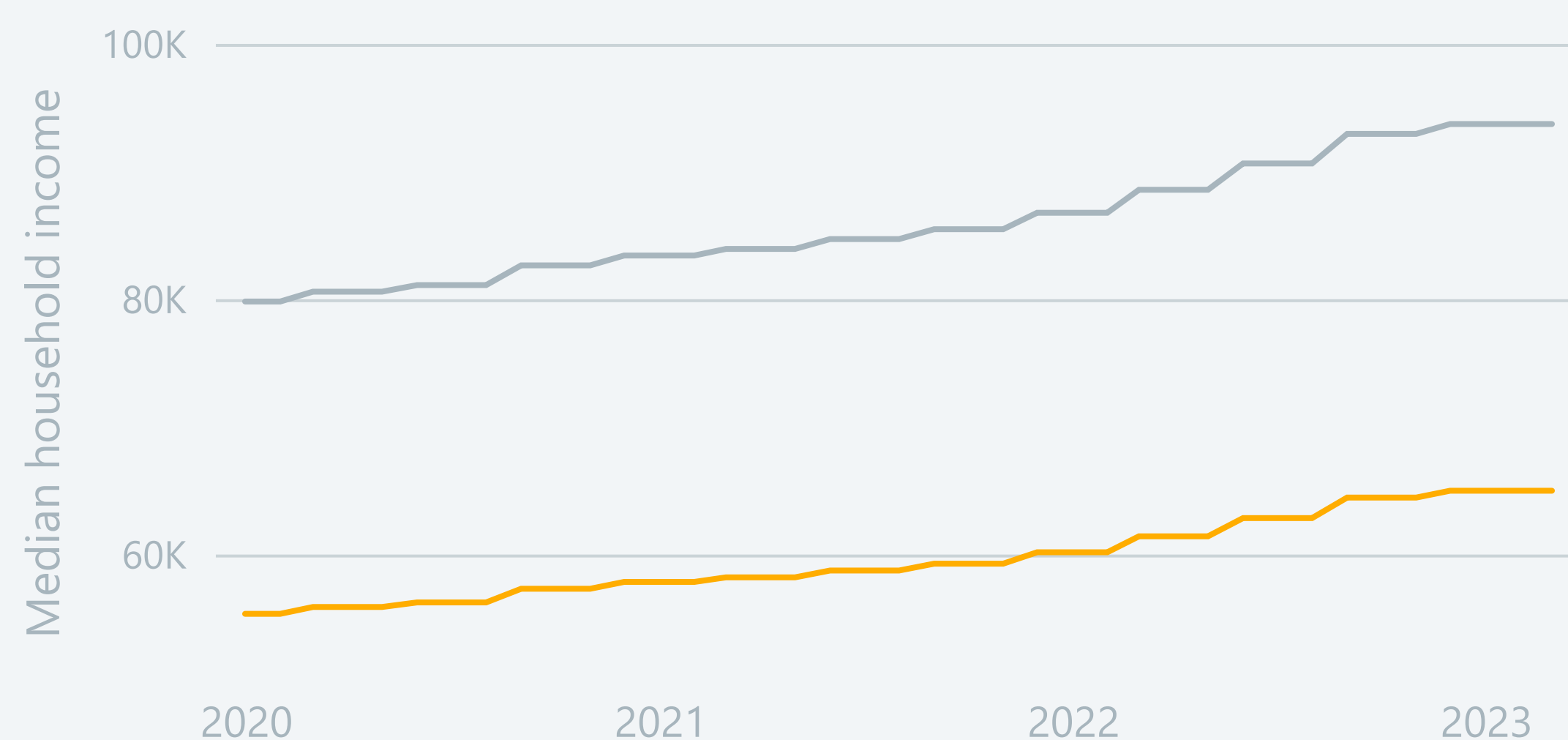
## Change in benefit rates by Ethnicity

● Job Seeker Support
● Means Tested Benefit
● Single Parent Support



## Median Household Income over time

● National
● Hauraki District



As of March 2023, the median household income (adjusted for inflation) in Hauraki District was \$65,000. This is 30.6% less than the national median.

Within Hauraki District, the benefit rate by ethnicity with the greatest increase in the last 12 months was Single Parent Support for Māori, up 12.74% to a value of 6.69 claimants per 100 working adults (15-64yrs). Comparatively, Job Seeker Support for Other ethnicities (Asian, MELAA and other) saw the greatest decrease over the last 12 months, down 13.23% to 3.51 claimants per 100 working adults.



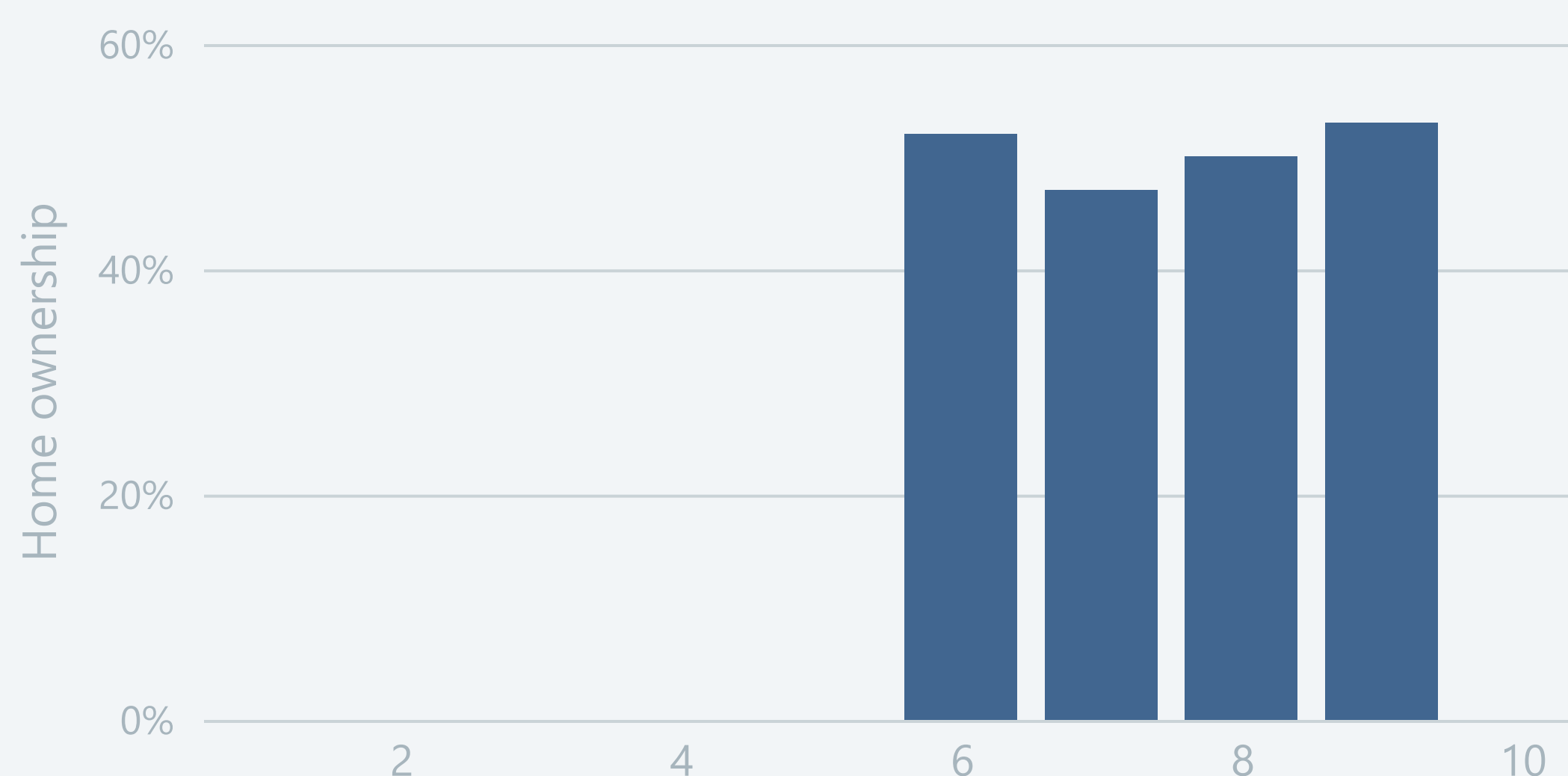
## Key Pillar Changes

Years to save for a house deposit Mar 2023 **17.0** ▲ 2.53% % change is from December 2022

Rental affordability (% of income spent on rent) Mar 2023 **36.1%** ▲ 3.48% % change is from December 2022

Purchasing affordability (% of income spent on mortgage repayments) Mar 2023 **12.2%** ▲ 0.61% % change is from December 2022

## Home Ownership by Deprivation Index



In Hauraki District, communities with a deprivation index of 9 have the highest rates of home ownership. The home ownership rate in these communities is 1.1 times greater than those communities with a deprivation index of 7 (the deprivation decile with the lowest home ownership rate). Deprivation and home ownership are as at March 2018.

## Greatest Change in Rental Affordability

Waihi South saw the greatest change in the percentage of income spent on rent over the last 3 months, with a 2.56% increase. Of these communities, Waihi North was the most unaffordable in March 2023, with 51.3% of annual household income spent on rent.

Community	% Change	Rental Affordability
Paeroa	▲ 1.07	47.20
Waihi East	▼ 0.50	39.50
Waihi North	▲ 0.20	51.30
Waihi Rural	▲ 0.64	31.40
Waihi South	▲ 2.56	48.10

## Greatest Change in Purchasing Affordability

Paeroa Rural saw the greatest change in the percentage of income spent on mortgage repayments, with a 3.5% decrease over the last 3 months. Of these communities, Waihi Rural was the most unaffordable in March 2023, with 14.4% of annual household income spent on mortgage repayments.

Community	% Change	Purchasing Affordability
Hauraki Plains North	▼ 2.44	12.00
Hauraki Plains South	▼ 2.30	8.50
Miranda-Pukorokoro	▼ 2.13	13.80
Paeroa Rural	▼ 3.48	11.10
Waihi Rural	▼ 3.36	14.40

Purchasing affordability is based on purchasing at a median house price with a 20% deposit over 30 years assuming a fixed interest rate of 4%. Both purchasing and rental affordability is based on annual household income.