



## Quarterly Report

Otorohanga District





### Summary

Below we've presented a summary of Otorohanga District's key metrics this quarter:



Total tourism spend this quarter



During the quarter to June 2023, \$4.2M was spent in Otorohanga District by New Zealanders living outside of the district and international tourists, with a decrease of 21.84% compared with March 2023.



Years to save for a house deposit



As of June 2023, it would take 10.0 years to save for a 20% home deposit in Otorohanga District, since March 2023.



Gambling spend per capita



**V** \$31

As of March 2023, an average of \$31.0 was spent by individuals over 18 years in Otorohanga District through electronic gaming machines, with a decrease of 16.09% compared with December 2022.



Crime rate



**30.0** 

In June 2023, Otorohanga District had a crime rate of 30.0 incidents per 10,000 people, with an increase of 4.7% compared with March 2023.



Deprivation Index



As of June 2023, the deprivation within Otorohanga District is 7.0 and this is unchanged since May 2023.



Job seeker support rate



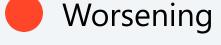
4.8%

In June 2023, 4.8% of the working population (15-64 years) in Otorohanga District claimed Job Seeker Support, with a decrease of 1.29% compared with June 2022.









No Change

Improving

Worsening

No Change

### Key Pillar Changes

Crime rate

Jun 2023

30.0

4.7%

% change is from March 2023

Crime type with the greatest change in crime rate

Jun 2023

**Sexual Assault** 

33.48%

% change is from March 2023

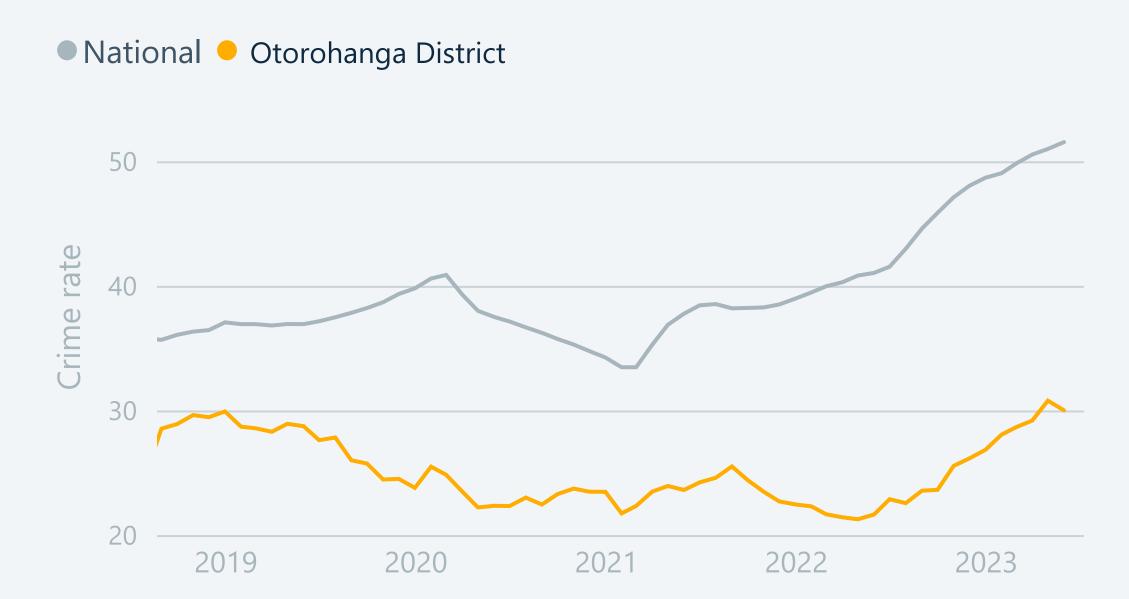
Community with greatest change in crime rate

Jun 2023 Puniu

20.58%

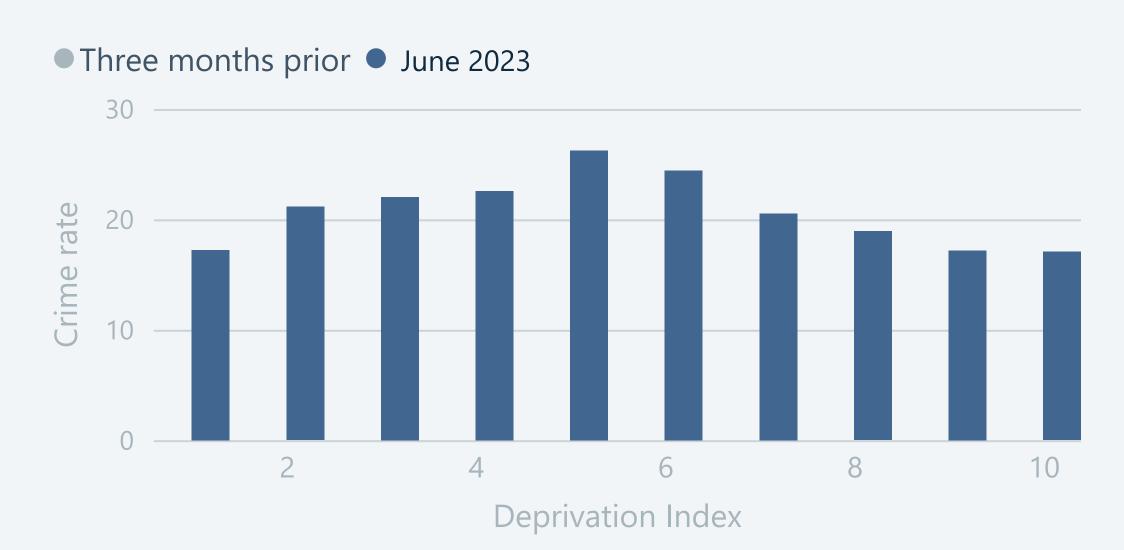
% change is from March 2023

### Comparison to National Crime Rate



Compared with the same time last year the crime rate in Otorohanga District has increased by 38.6%, and is now 30 as at June 2023. The crime rate is 41.8% below the national rate of 51.5.

### Crime Rate by Deprivation Index



In Otorohanga District, communities with a deprivation index of 5 have the highest crime rate. The crime rate in these communities is 1.5 times higher than those with a deprivation index of 10, the group with the lowest crime rate. Communities with a deprivation index of have seen the greatest change in their crime rate over the last 3 months, with of %.

Crime rate is defined as the the number of victimisations over the last 12 months per 10,000 people

### Crime Types with the Greatest Change



Within Otorohanga District, the most prevalent type of crime in June 2023 was 'Unlawful Entry/Burglary/Breaking & Entering. The type of crime that had the greatest change in the last 3 months was 'Unlawful Entry/Burglary/Breaking & Entering', with an increase of 11.9%.

### Communities with Greatest Change

Community	% Change	Crime rate
Puniu	20.58	25.0
Honikiwi	12.55	13.4
Pirongia Forest	9.90	44.4
Te Kawa	7.52	28.0
Otorohanga	3.68	46.6

Puniu saw the greatest change in crime rate over the last 3 months in Otorohanga District, with an increase of 20.6%.

Trending Down

Improving

Worsening

No Change

### Key Pillar Changes

Deprivation Index Jun 2023

7.0

0%

% change is from May 2023

Community with greatest decrease in deprivation score

Jun 2023 Pirongia Forest

0.6%

% change is from June 2022

Community with greatest increase in deprivation score

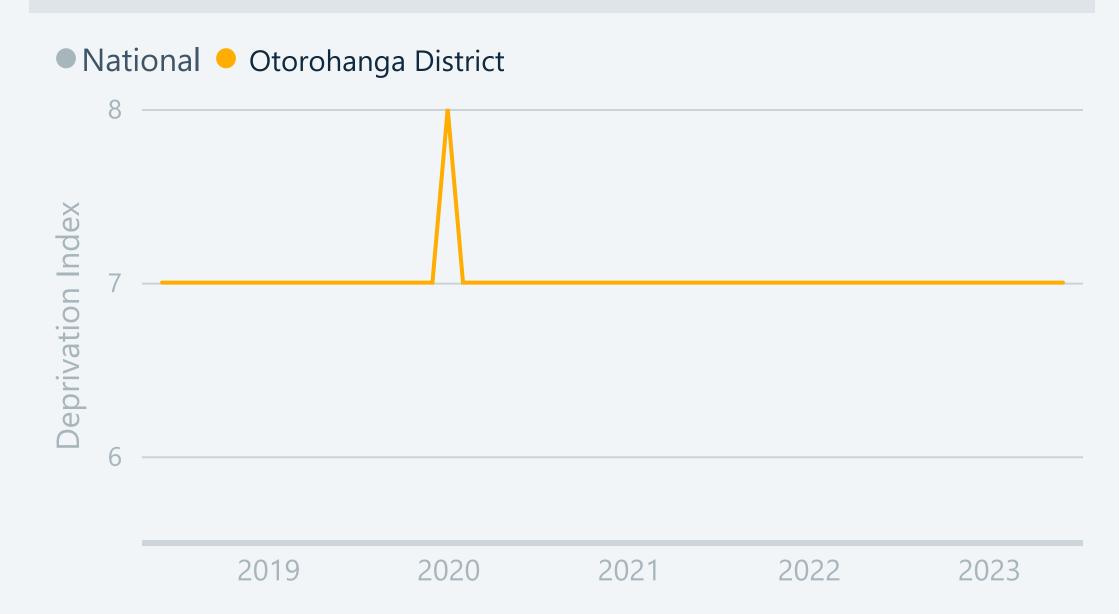
Jun 2023

Te Kawa

1.37%

% change is from June 2022

### Comparison to National Deprivation Index



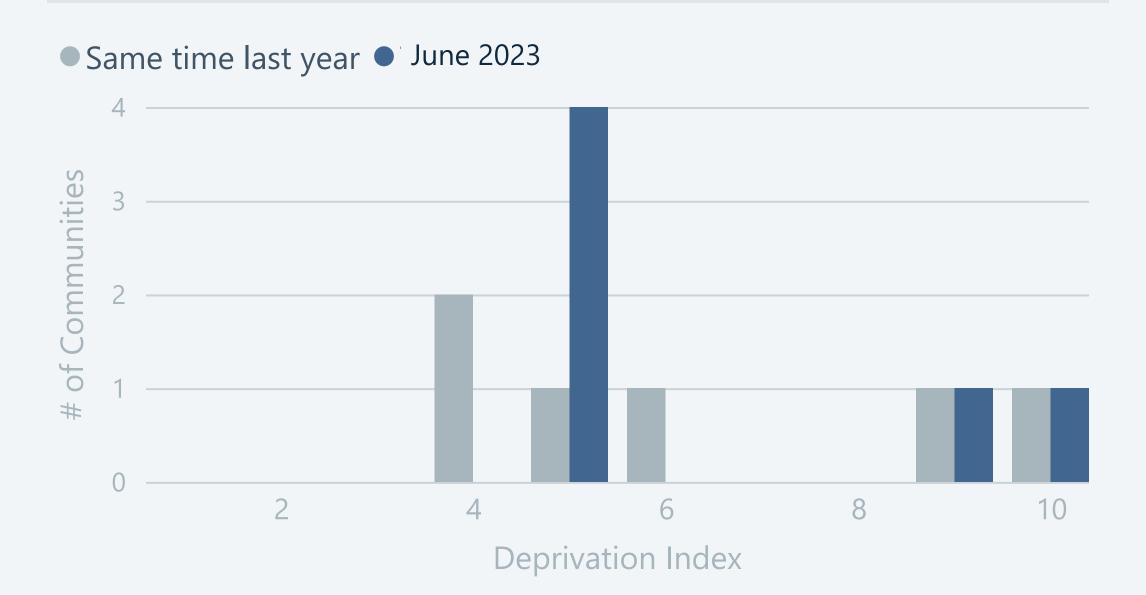
Compared to the same time last year, the deprivation index of Otorohanga District has seen no change by 0%, and is now 7 in June 2023. The deprivation index is 27.3% above the national median index of 5.5.

### Communities with the Greatest Change

Community	% Change ▼	Depr. score
Te Kawa	1.37	961.93
Honikiwi	1.22	966.20
Otorohanga	1.10	1,122.91
Pirongia Forest	0.60	1,167.74
Maihiihi	0.34	978.29

The community with the greatest change in deprivation score since the same time last year was Te Kawa, with a 1.4% increase.

### Distribution of Deprivation Index

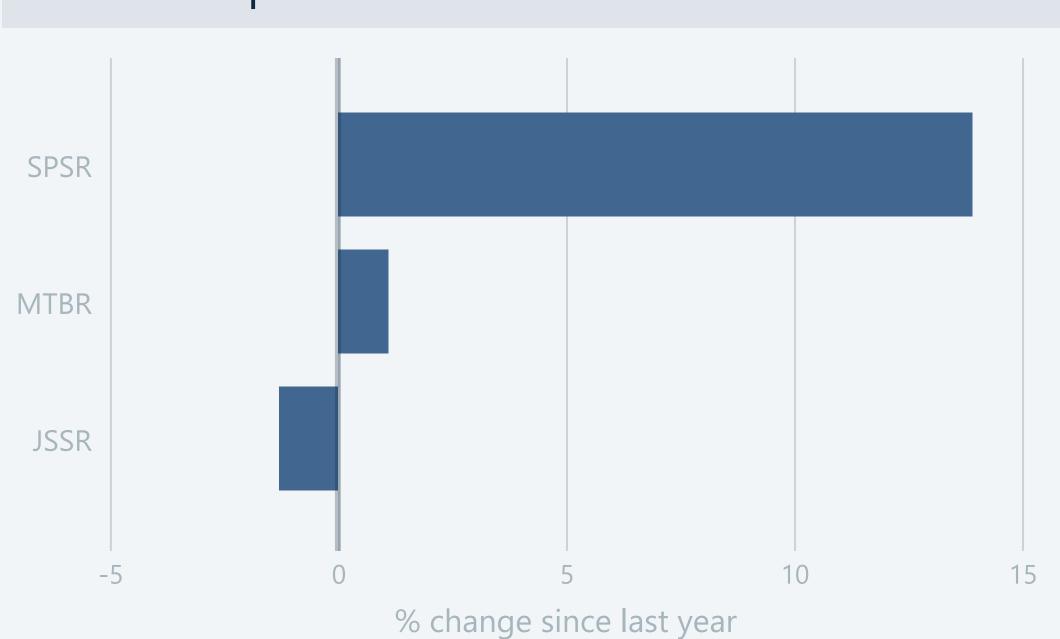


In Otorohanga District, 33.3% of the population live in highly deprived communities (deprivation index 8-10), whereas 0% live in high socio-economic performing communities (deprivation index 1-3).



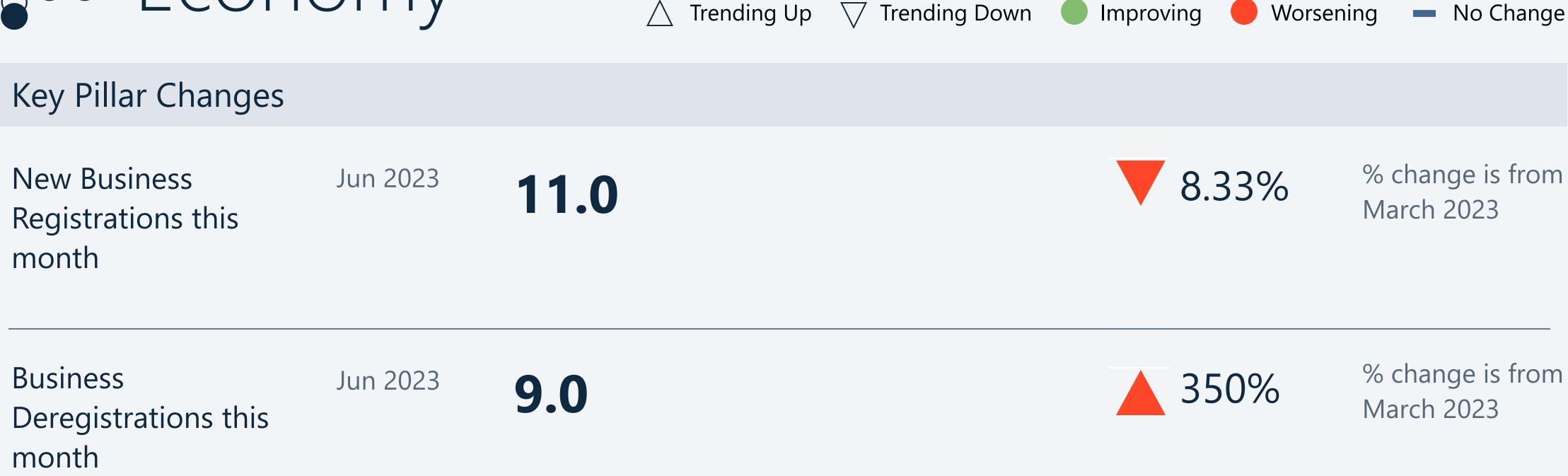
Each month, small geographical areas are assigned a deprivation score. These areas are then assigned a deprivation index through deciles. A deprivation index of 1 represents the least deprived areas and a deprivation of 10 the most deprived.

### Benefit Deprivation Indicators



The benefit deprivation indicator that has changed the most in the last year is Single Parent Support Rate (SPSR) which saw a 13.91% increase. The bars above represent Single Parent Support rate (SPSR), Means Tested Benefit rate (MTBR) and Job Seeker Support rate (JSSR).





Jun 2023

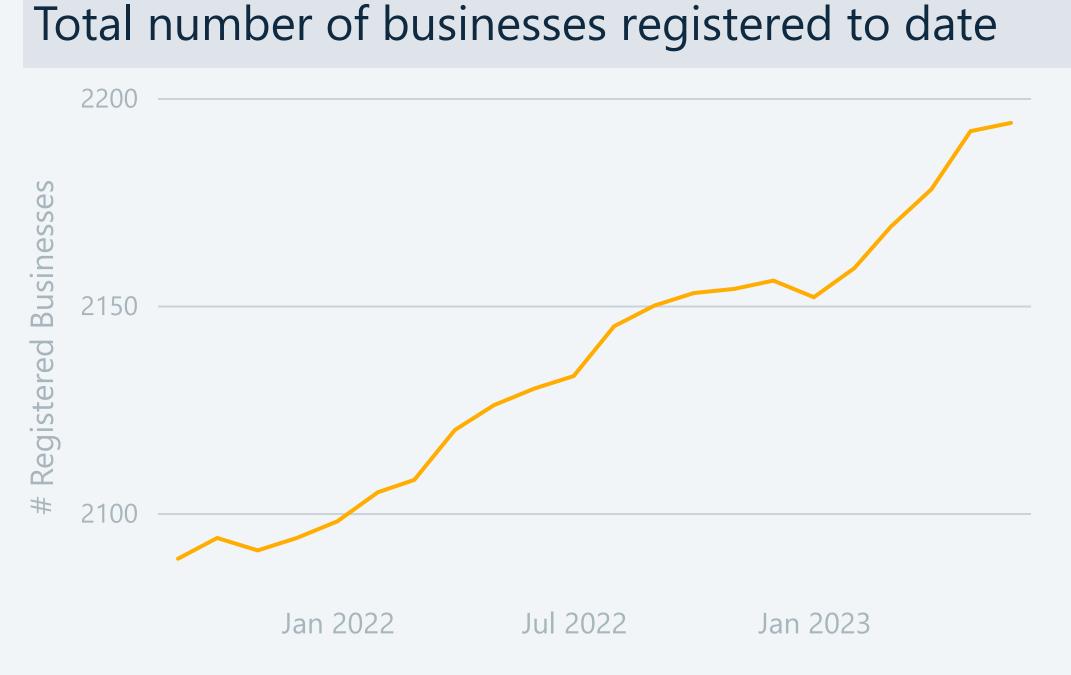
\$4.2M

Total tourism spend

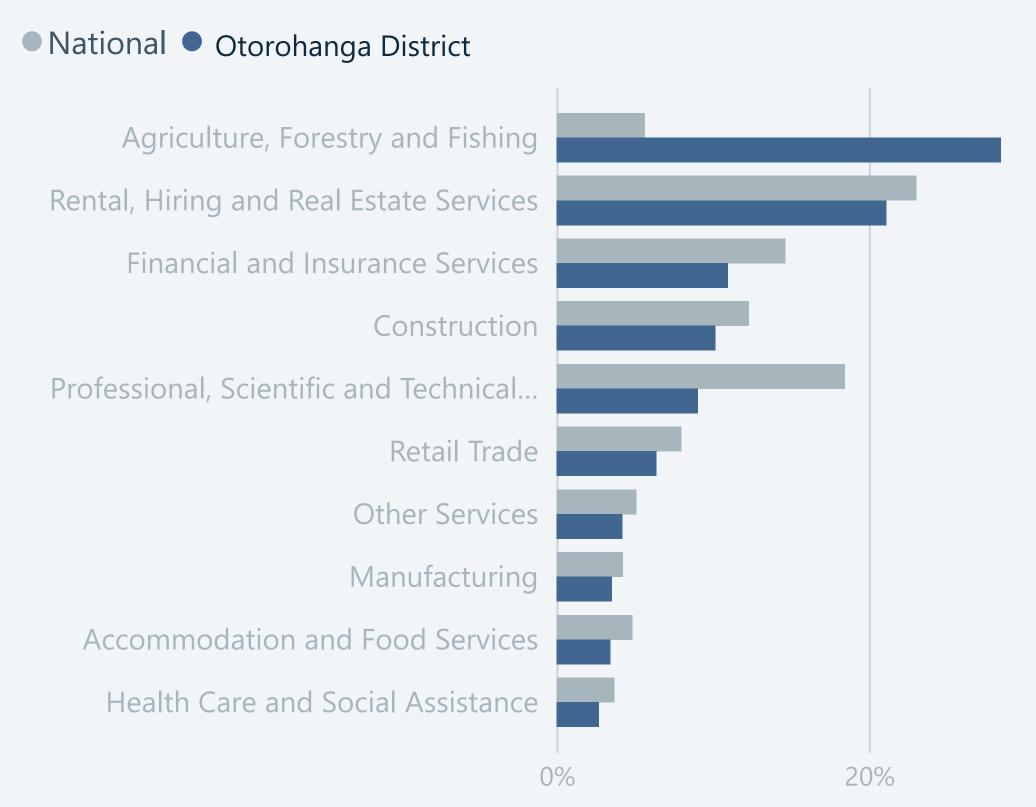
this quarter

Distribution of registered businesses by industry

21.84%



As of June 2023 there were 2194 registered businesses in Otorohanga District. Over the last 12 months the number of registered businesses has increased by 64. Nationally, the number of registered businesses has increased by 1.7%.



% of Registered Businesses

% change is from

March 2023

Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing is the largest industry operating in Otorohanga District and makes up 25.9% of all currently registered businesses.

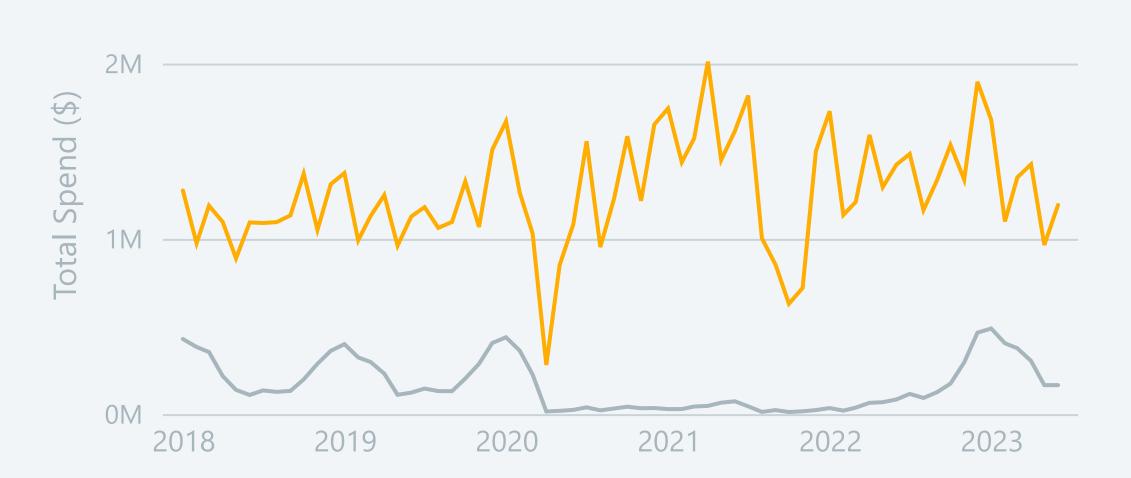
### Business openings and closings in the last year



Comparing June 2023 with June 2022 Otorohanga District has seen a decrease in the number of new business registrations of 8.3% and an increase in the number of business deregistrations of 12.5%.

### Tourism spend this quarter

Domestic tourism
 International tourism



In June 2023, \$1.4M was spent in Otorohanga District from domestic and international visitors to the district. Domestic tourism made up 87.8% of total tourism spend, and has decreased by 16.19% since the same time last year, whereas international tourism has increased by 97.9% in the same time period.

### Visiting regions with the greatest spend

Visiting region	\$ Change	<b>Spend ▲</b>
Waikato	\$254K	\$1.2M
Bay of Plenty	\$86K	\$266K
Manawatu-Wanganui	\$36K	\$340K
Taranaki	\$78K	\$606K
Auckland	\$280K	\$765K

This quarter, the largest spend from domestic tourists visiting Otorohanga District came from the Waikato region, with tourists spending \$1.2M. This represents a decrease of \$254K since the same quarter last year.

### Visiting regions with the greatest % change

Visiting region	\$ Change Spend	
Canterbury	\$75K \$51K	
Gisborne	\$10K \$26K	
West Coast	\$4K \$3K	

This quarter, Otorohanga District saw the greatest % change in domestic tourism spend from those visiting from the Canterbury region since the same quarter last year, with a \$75K decrease in spend.

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Domestic tourism spend is calculated using the monthly spend of inperson electronic card transactions in the district, which come from individuals living outside of the district and whose own home district's largest urban centre is at least 40km away.

### Visiting countries with the greatest spend

Visiting country	\$ Change Spend
Australia	\$109K \$230K
Rest of Asia	\$18K \$23K
Rest of Europe	\$41K \$48K
United Kingdom	\$34K \$66K
United States of America	\$113K \$148K

This quarter, the largest spend from international tourists visiting Otorohanga District came from Australia, with tourists spending \$230K. This represents an increase of \$109K since the same quarter last year.

### Visiting countries with the greatest % change

Visiting country	\$ Change	Spend  T
Rest of Americas	<b>\$8K</b>	\$8K
Japan	<b>▲</b> \$4K	\$4K
Germany	\$20K	\$21K

This quarter, Otorohanga District saw the greatest % change in international tourism spend from those visiting from Rest of Americas since the same quarter last year, with a \$8K increase in spend.

### Tourism spend by industry

NationalOtorohanga District



In Otorohanga District tourists spent the most on Food and beverage serving services this quarter, which was 33.1% of all tourism spend. This is 64.7% larger than the national proportion.

### **Key Pillar Changes**

Secondary school retention

Jan 2021

75.0%

1.02%

% change is from January 2020

Secondary school with highest proportion of students leaving with NCEA level 3

Jan 2021

### **Ōtorohanga College**

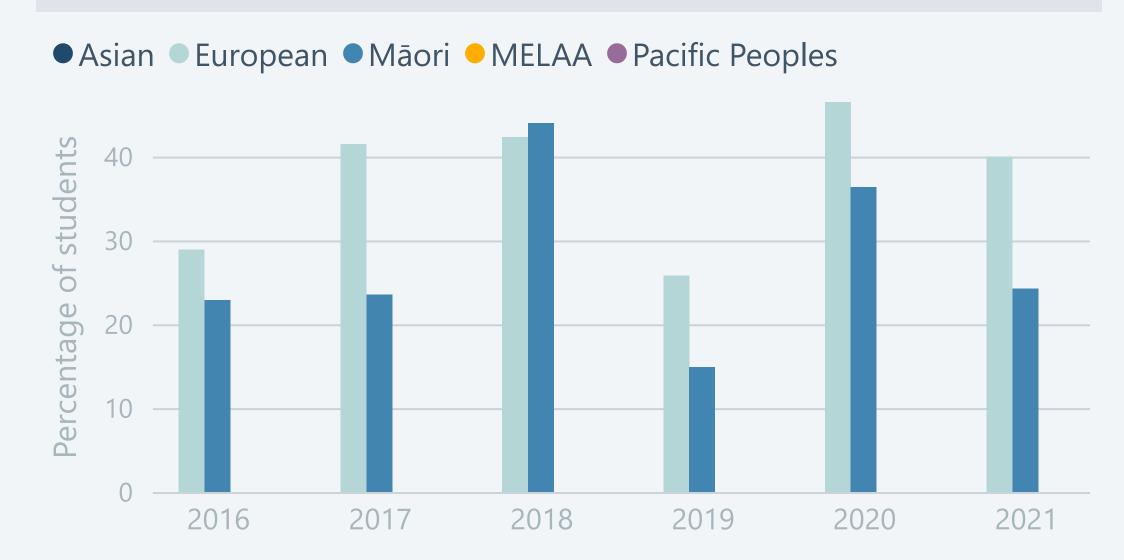
Ethnicity with greatest Jan 2021 change in secondary school retention

### European

10.97%

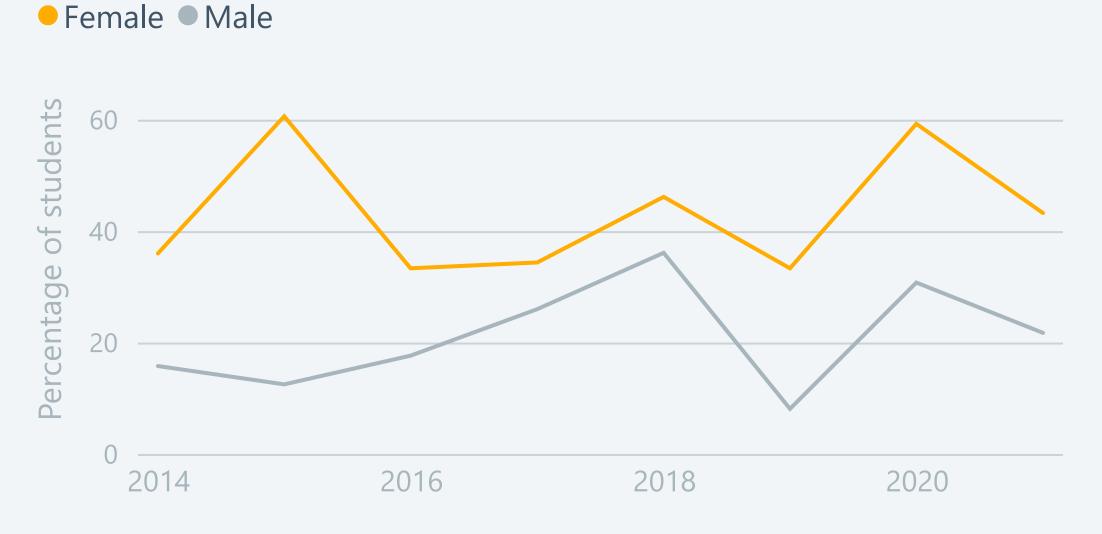
% change is from January 2020

### School leavers with NCEA3 level by ethnicity



In 2021, European students in Otorohanga District had the greatest proportion of students leaving with NCEA3. This is 1.65 times larger than Māori students, who have the lowest proportion of students leaving with NCEA Level 3. Māori students have seen the greatest change in NCEA Level 3 pass rates, with an increase of 144.2%. Māori NCEA Level 3 pass rates in Otorohanga District are 61% of National Māori rates.

### School leavers with NCEA3 level by gender



Since 2014, on average the percentage of students leaving with NCEA Level 3 in Otorohanga District for female students has been 2.05 times larger than male students. In 2021, the percentage of students leaving with NCEA Level 3 for female students compared with male students was less than average Compared to national figures, in 2021 the pass rate in Otorohanga District were lower for both females and males.

### Schools with greatest change in NCEA3 pass rate

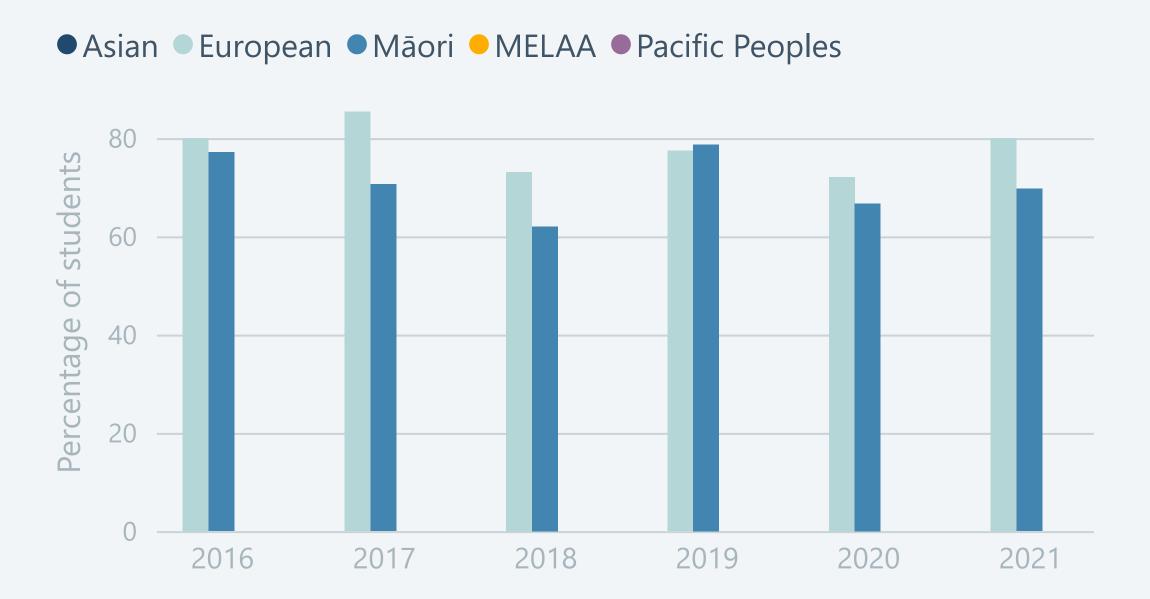
In 2021, the school with the greatest change in the percentage of students leaving with NCEA Level 3 (pass rate) since 2020 was Ōtorohanga College, with a 7.42% decrease. Note that the table includes only those schools with more than 50 students.

School		% Change	Pass Rate	
Ōtorohanga College		7.42	35.00	



 $\triangle$  Trending Up  $\nabla$  Trending Down  $\blacksquare$  Improving  $\blacksquare$  Worsening  $\blacksquare$  No Change

### Secondary school retention by ethnicity



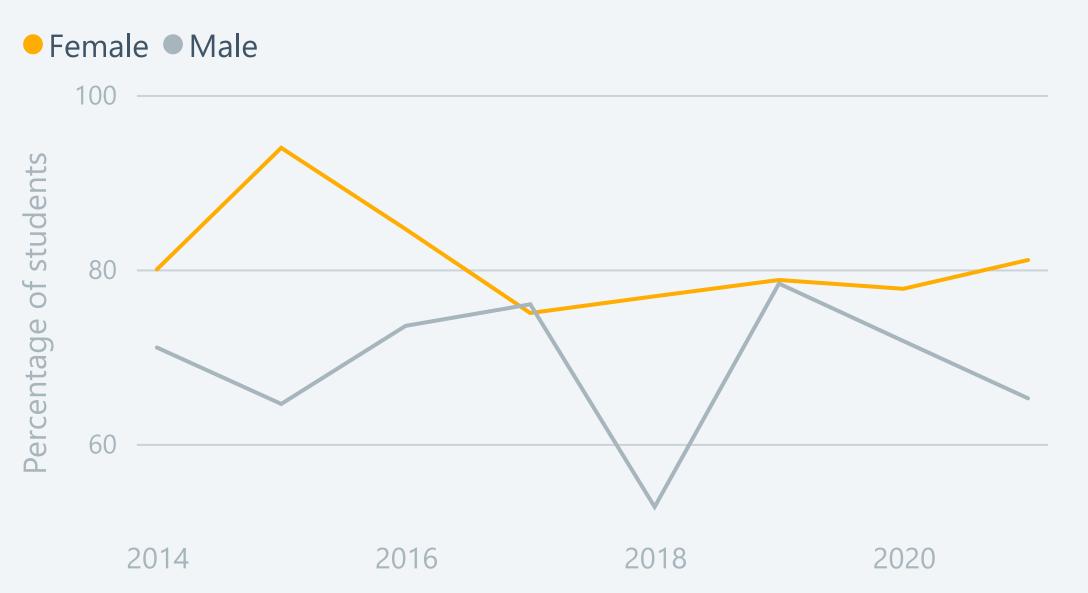
In 2021, European students in Otorohanga District had the greatest retention rate. This is 1.15 times larger than Māori students, who have the lowest retention rate. European students have seen the greatest change in retention, with a decrease of 6.9%. Māori retention rates in Otorohanga District are 101% of National Māori rates.

### Schools with greatest change in retention

In 2021, the school with the greatest change in retention rate since 2020 was Ōtorohanga College, with a 0.76% increase. Note that the table includes only those schools with more than 50 students.



### Secondary school retention by gender



On average, since 2014, the retention rate in Otorohanga District of female students has been 1.17 times larger than male students. In 2021, the retention rates of female students compared with male students was higher than average. Compared to national figures, in 2021 the retention rates in Otorohanga District were lower for both females and males.

- Education data is released by Education Counts at the end of each year, and pertain to the year prior to release.
- Secondary school retention is defined as the percentage of secondary school leavers who are at least 17 years of age.





Sole parent support

rate

Key Pillar Changes

Job seeker support rate
Jun 2023
4.8%
1.29%
% change is from June 2022

Means tested benefit rate
Jun 2023
3.3%
1.1%
% change is from June 2022

Trending Up

Improving

Worsening

No Change

% change is from

June 2022

# Other European Māori Maori Means Tested Benefit Single Parent Support Other

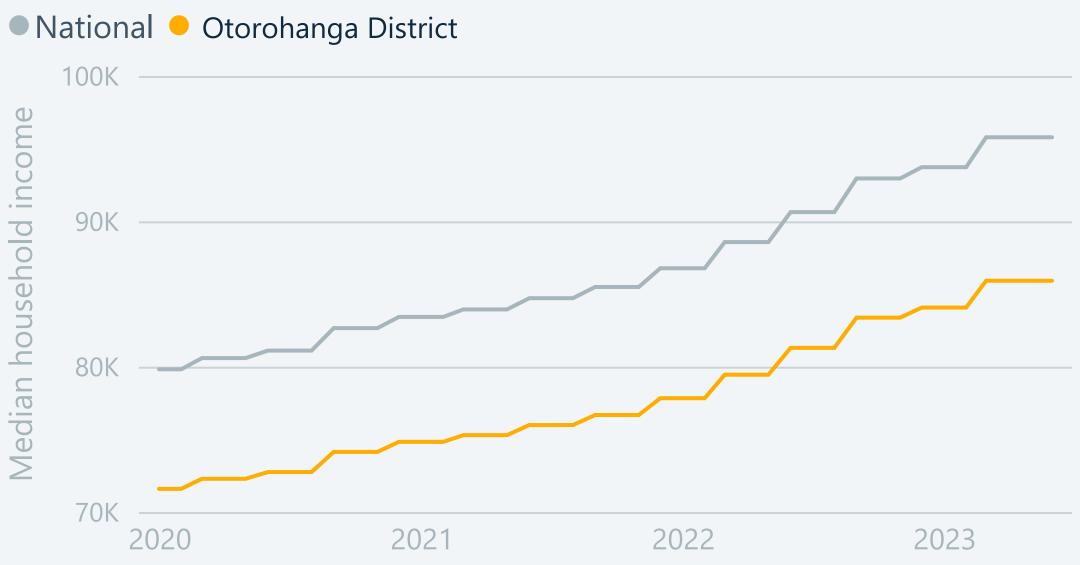
Jun 2023

3.0%

## Within Otorohanga District, the benefit rate by ethnicity with the greatest increase in the last 12 months was Single Parent Support for Other ethnicities (Asian, MELAA and other), up 99.99% to a value of 1.7 claimants per 100 working adults (15-64yrs). Comparatively, Job Seeker Support for Māori saw the greatest decrease over the last 12 months, down 5.22% to 9.22 claimants per 100 working adults.

% Change

### Median Household Income over time National • Otorohanga District



13.91%

As of June 2023, the median household income (adjusted for inflation) in Otorohanga District was \$85,914. This is 10.3% less than the national median.

### Key Pillar Changes

Years to save for a house deposit

Jun 2023

10.0

0%

% change is from March 2023

Rental affordability (% of income spent on rent)

Jun 2023

25.7%

0.01%

% change is from March 2023

Purchasing affordability (% of income spent on mortgage repayments)

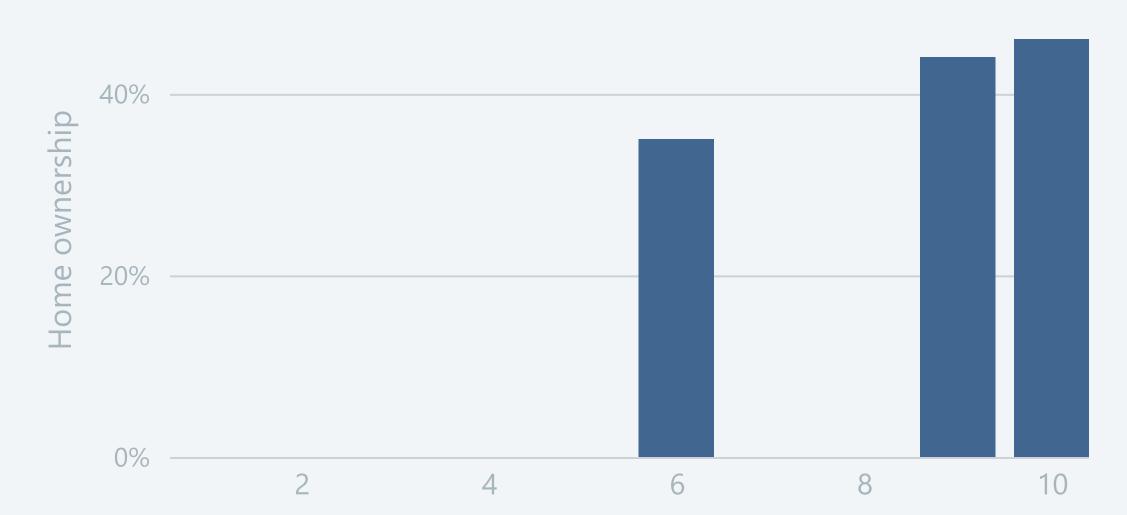
Jun 2023

8.8%

0%

% change is from March 2023

### Home Ownership by Deprivation Index



In Otorohanga District, communities with a deprivation index of 10 have the highest rates of home ownership. The home ownership rate in these communities is 1.3 times greater than those communities with a deprivation index of 6 (the deprivation decile with the lowest home ownership rate). Deprivation and home ownership are as at March 2018.

### Greatest Change in Rental Affordabilty

Multiple communities saw the greatest change in the percentage of income spent on rent over the last 3 months, with a 0% unchanged. Of these communities, Otorohanga was the most unaffordable in June 2023, with 30.3% of annual household income spent on rent.

Community		% Change	Rental Affordability
Honikiwi	_	0.00	18.90
Maihiihi		0.00	22.20
Otorohanga		0.00	30.30
Pirongia Forest		0.00	20.40
Te Kawa		0.00	16.40

### Greatest Change in Purchasing Affordability

Puniu saw the greatest change in the percentage of income spent on mortgage repayments, with a 7% decrease over the last 3 months. Of these communities, Honikiwi was the most unaffordable in June 2023, with 11.1% of annual household income spent on mortgage repayments.

Community	% Change	Purchasing Affordability
Honikiwi	5.93	11.10
Maihiihi	4.59	10.40
Otorohanga	3.45	8.40
Puniu	7.02	10.60
Te Kawa	6.48	10.10

Purchasing affordability is the percentage of annual median household income that would be spent on mortgage repayment (based on purchasing at the median house price with a 20% deposit over 30 years assuming a fixed interest rate of 4%). Rental affordability is also based on the median annual household income.

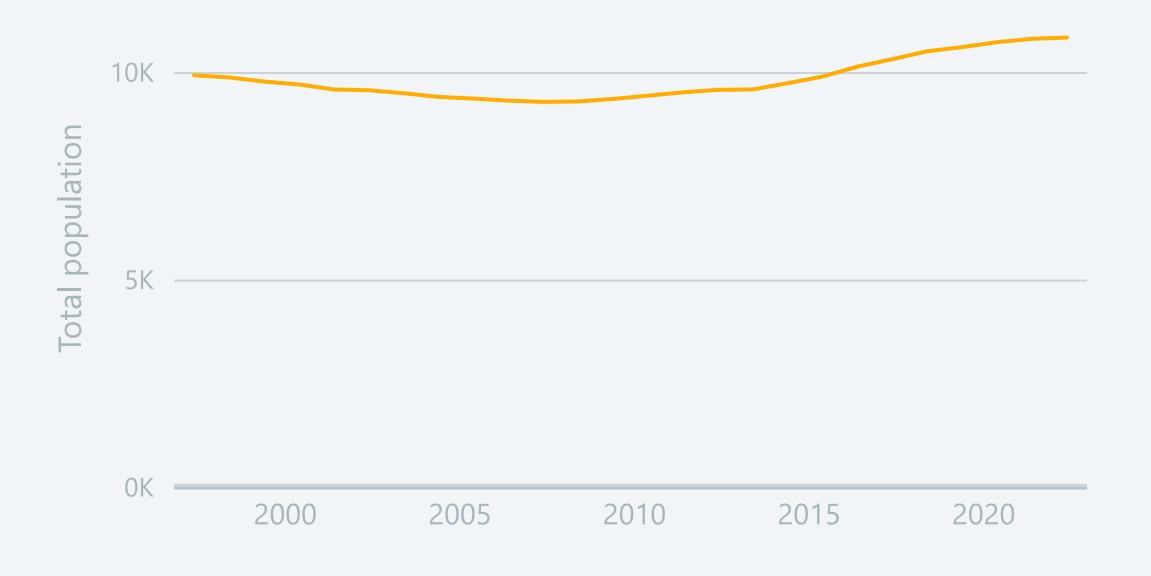




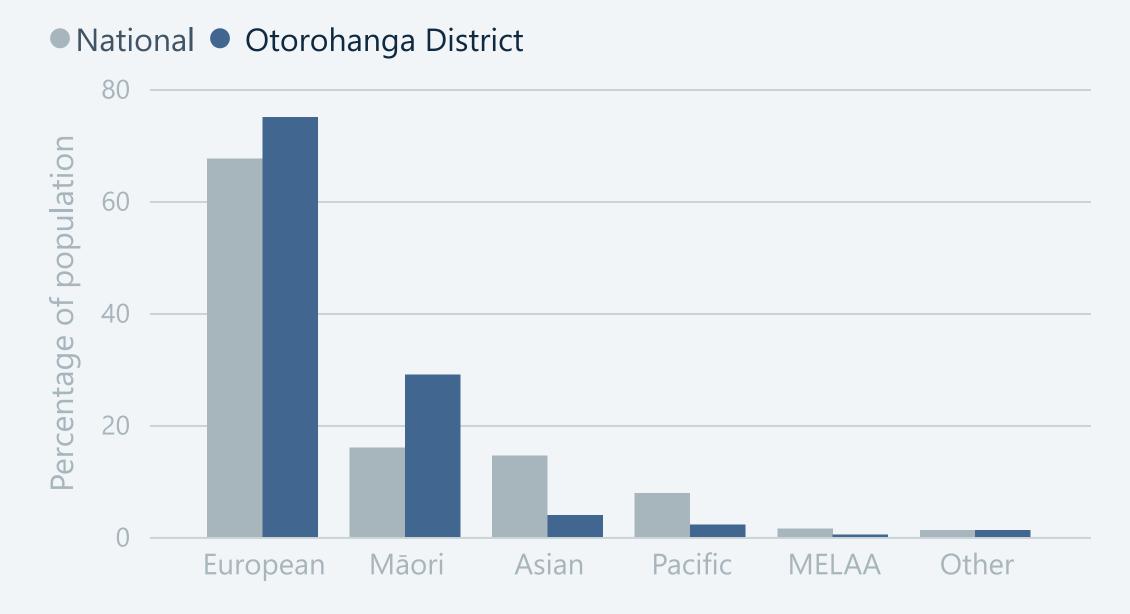
### Estimated population

### 10.83K

Is the estimated total population in Otorohanga District in 2022. The population in the area has increased by 0.28% or 30 people since 2021.

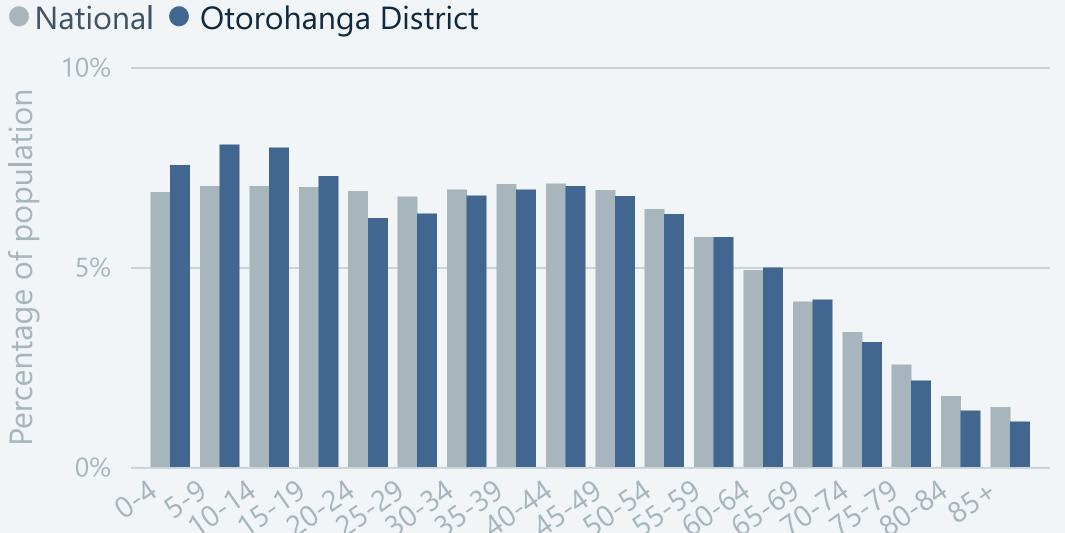


### Ethnic distribution



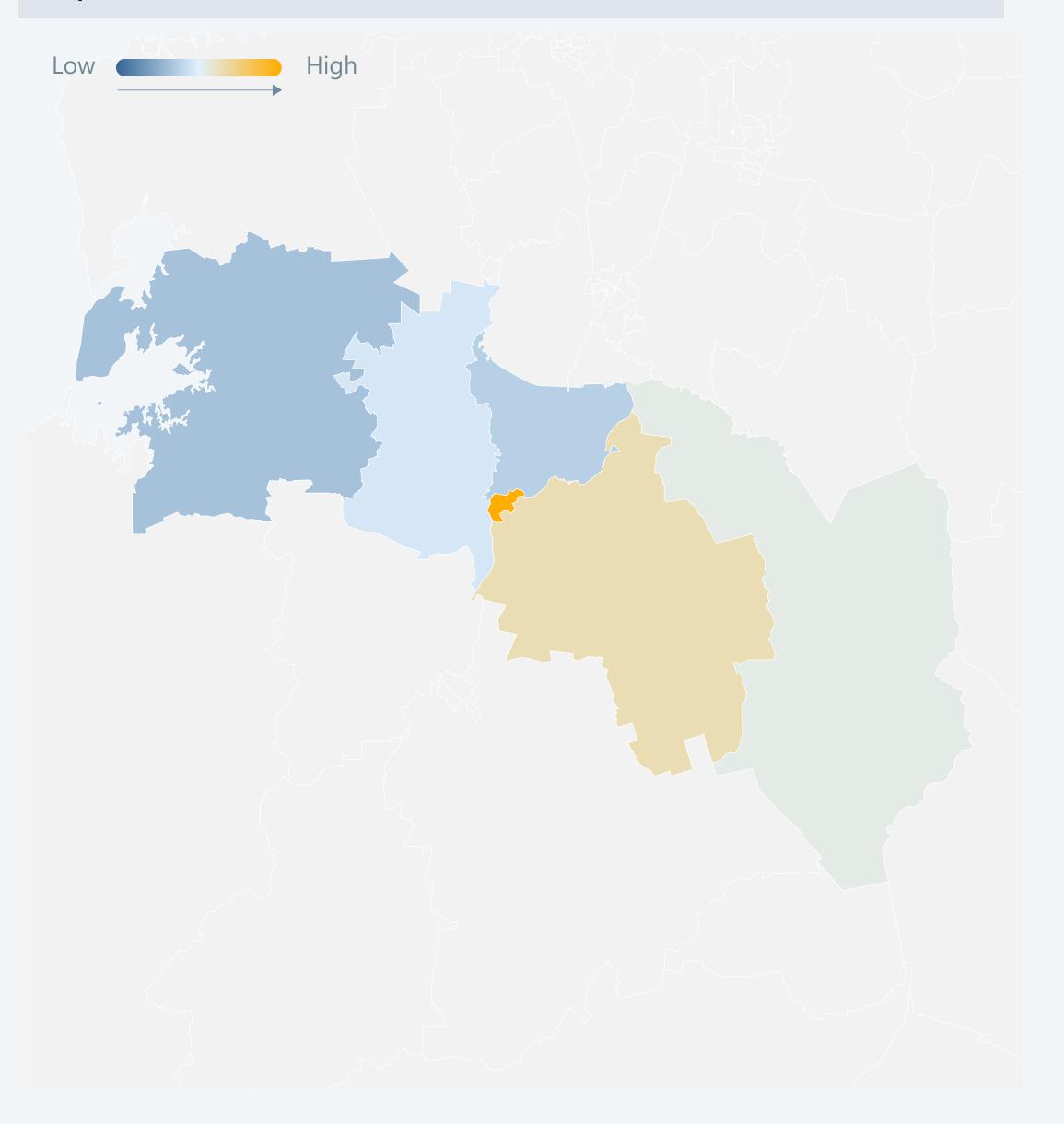
As of March 2018 the largest ethnic group in Otorohanga District is European (74.9%), 10.9% larger than the national percentage. The ethnicity that has had the greatest change since March 2013 is Asian, increasing by 77.27%.

### Age distribution National Otorobanga District



As of June 2022 the largest age band in Otorohanga District is 10-14 (7.5%), 13% larger than the national distribution. The age band that has had the greatest change since June 2021 is 80-84, increasing by 8.95%.

### Population distribution



In June 2022, Maihiihi saw the greatest change in population, with an increase of 1.1% since June 2021.